Russo's Golden Rules for DEFENSEMEN

How Many of the 16 Golden Rules for Defensemen do you know?

Golden Rules of Defensemen

Reprinted from Lets Play Hockey John Russo 1.

- 1. Always back up your partner on the offensive blue line, in the neutral zone and especially in the defensive zone.
- 2. Always one defenseman in front of the net when the opposition has the puck in your zone or there is a danger that they may gain possession. For young defensemen (Mites through early Peewees) the rule should always be one defenseman in front of the net when the puck is in your zone.
- 3. Do not leave the offensive zone too soon. Leaving too soon is a much more common mistake than leaving too late for a large percentage of defensemen from Mites through High School. It backs the defense up too fast and too far and makes "pacing" the attacking forward much harder.
- 4. Always **play defense first**. If attacking with the puck, only go deep into offensive zone until prime scoring opportunity is over and you are part of it.
- 5. **Never play a 1 on 1 head on**. Give the attacker a little room on one side to force him to go where you want him to go.
- 6. Stagger one defenseman up a little farther than the other on 2 on 2 and 3 on 3 situations. The up man will generally be nearest the puck carrier.
- 7. Shoot intelligently from the point. **The best shot is always low**, generally not too hard, (so it stays in the scoring area for rebounds) and accurate. **Defensemen seldom are shooting to score**, **but rather to put the puck into the scoring area so that forwards can score**. Always look up so shots are not into opposing players and so that passes to wide wings or partners can be made when appropriate.
- 8. Do not "tie up" with people in front of your net, rather gain position and control.
- 9. Do not ever "tie up" with an opposing player anywhere when your team is a man short. As the players on the team with a penalty tie up and are out of the play, the odds get better on the power play, i.e.: 4 on 3 is better than 5 on 4, 3 on 2 is better than 4 on 3, etc.
- 10. **Do not stand looking for someone to pass to**, especially in the defensive zone. look move look pass. This reduces the chances of being surprised from the back side, makes the pass more accurate, and forces the opponent to begin retreating.
- 11. When turning with a player breaking around the outside, keep the feet moving do not lunge or reach without moving the feet. young players have an especially hard time with this, mainly because of their lack of skating and turning skills.
- 12. Work, work, work on backwards skating and turning. A defenseman must be as comfortable going backwards and sideways as forwards. young players all the ways through college must continue to practice these skills as their bodies grow and change.
- 13. **Do not pass to covered forwards** carry it, cross-pass to partner, or "eat it" if necessary. Defensemen must gain confidence in cross-passing and in carrying the puck to open up the attack, allowing their forwards to get open. **Feeding the opposition's point has been a weakness at all levels** since day one.
- 14. Check only for purpose. Checking just for the sake of a hit is seldom of value and creates risk of self injury, missed checks and open opposition players, as well as penalties. There are many situations in games when checking is appropriate and necessary. Learn to check for these situations.
- 15. **Communicate with your partner**, **the goalkeeper**, **and your forwards**. it is important part of teamwork. Do not communicate with opposing players it seldom is of value and exposes your emotions.
- 16. Follow your attacking forwards closely (20-30 feet) and move quickly into offensive zone after puck goes into the zone. Many defensemen are lazy moving up the ice and allow the puck to turn around before they get over the blue line.

17. The blue line is critical . Always clear the puck over the defensive blue line as a first priority - then move up to blue line quickly. Defend both blue lines with as much vigor as is reasonable as the opposition attacks down the ice - they are the natural points to stop the attack.