

Cornerback Stance



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Divide CBs so that half are on each side of the ball.



Line up CBs 8 yards off the LOS.



Stand upright, feet even and shoulder width apart.



Step forward and in with inside foot.

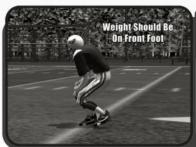


05

Turn foot to be directly under the nose and keep knees bent.

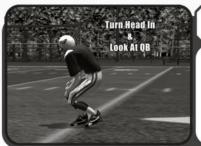


Lean forward at waist with helmet and shoulder pads over front foot.



07

Weight should be over the front foot; check by lifting back foot and maintaining balance.



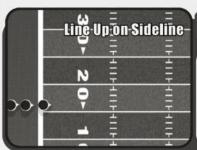
Turn head in and look at QB.

Notes:

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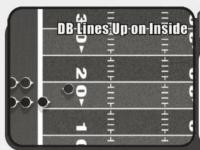


Cushion Break



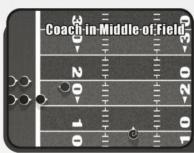
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Receivers line up on one sideline and face the other sideline.

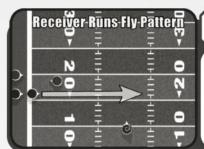


02

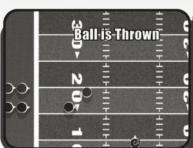
The DB lines up on the inside, 7 to 8 yds from the receiver.



The coach is in middle of the field with the football.

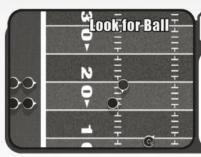


Receiver runs a fly pattern down the yard line.

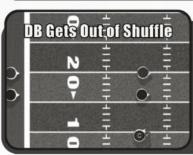


05

After the receiver and DB pass by the coach, the ball is thrown.

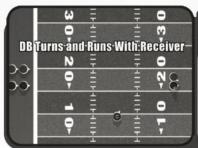


Once the DB is running with the receiver, he should look for the ball.



07

DB gets out of the shuffle earlier rather than later.

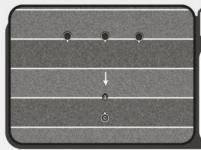


If receiver breaks DB's cushion and is still facing inside, DB turns and runs with receiver.

Notes:

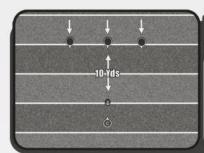


Free Safety Stance



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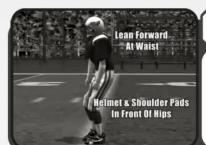
Set the ball to mark the line of scrimmage.



Align free safeties over the ball, 10 yards deep.



Stand upright, with feet even and shoulder width apart.



Bend forward slightly at waist.

Helmet and shoulder pads should be in front of hips.



05

Arms should hang down in relaxed manner.



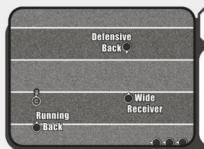
Focus on QB as the ball is snapped.

Notes:

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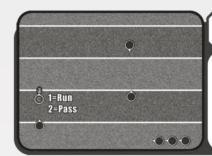


Read Pass/Read Run

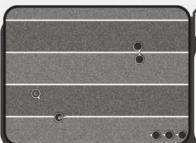


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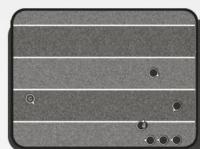
Rotate DBs to running back, wide-receiver and defensive back.



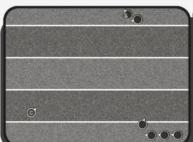
Coach signals to the offensive players a 1 (run) or 2 (pass).



If coach calls "1," he snaps the ball and pitches it to RB on a sweep play.

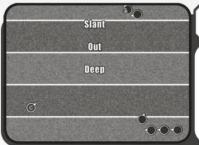


Once DB reads run, he comes up field and forces RB back to the inside.

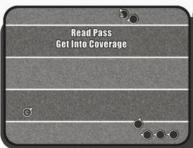


05

If coach calls "2," he snaps the ball, fakes a pitch and passes to WR.

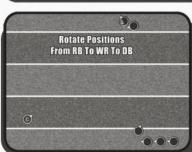


WR can run a slant, an out or deep pattern.



07

The DB must read pass and get into coverage.



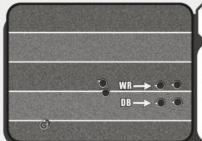
Players rotate through positions from RB to WR to DB.

Notes:

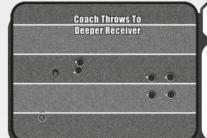
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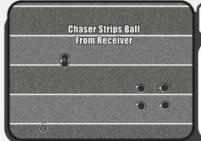
Strip the Ball



Divide DBs into 2 equal lines--one acts as receivers and the other as DBs.



Both players take off and the coach throws the ball to the deeper receiver.



The chaser strips the ball from the receiver.



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He grabs his arms, pulls down over the top and punches ball out of receiver's hands.



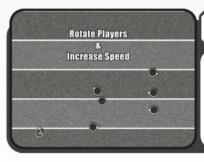
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The DB and receiver use their bodies to shield the other player from the ball.



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After one repetition, they go back to the end of the opposite line.



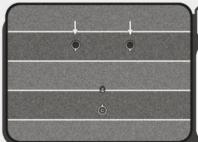
07

Rotate players through drill and increase the speed.

Notes:



Strong Safety Stance



Align safeties over where a TE or wing back would be.



Stand upright, with feet even and shoulder width apart.

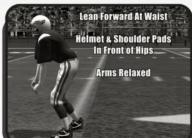


TE

Step straight ahead with outside foot.

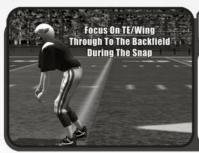


Place heel slightly ahead of toes on back foot.



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Bend forward slightly at the waist. Helmet and shoulder pads in front of hips. Arms hang down in relaxed manner.

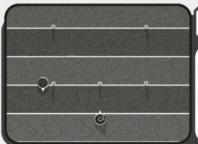


Focus on TE or wing, through to the backfield, as ball is snapped.

Notes:

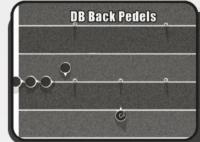


The Big W



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DB faces the QB.

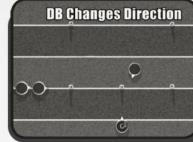


02

The DB begins by executing back pedal in perfect form.

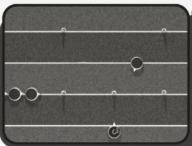


At 10 yards the DB changes direction by breaking left toward the LOS at a 45-degree angle.



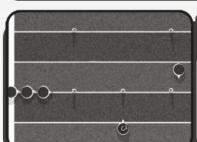
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At LOS, the DB changes direction by breaking left at a 45-degree angle to same 10-yard depth.



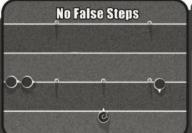
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DB shortens stride and minimizes arm movement when changing directions.



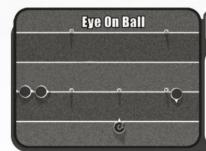
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At proper depth, the DB changes direction by coming straight down to the LOS.



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Footwork efficiency is important; the DB should take no false steps.



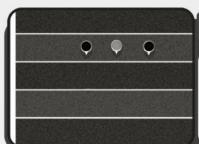
The DB must focus and keep his eyes on the ball.

Notes:

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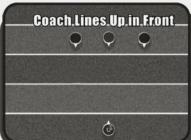


Zone Break



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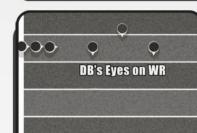
2 WR line up 10 yds apart and the DB splits the distance between them.



The Coach lines up 15 yards in front of the DB.



On ball movement, the QB takes a drop (3 or 5 step) and the DB pedals straight back.



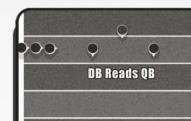
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On the break, the DB's eyes are on the WR.



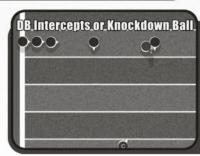
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As the QB sets, he turns his eyes and shoulders toward a WR.



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The DB reads the QB by checking his eyes and front shoulder.



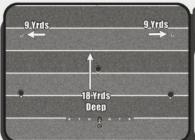
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As QB's free hand comes off ball, DB plants and drives to intercept or knock down ball.

Notes:

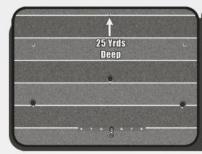


Zone Drop Drill

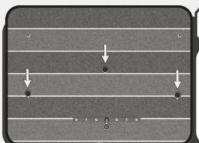


01

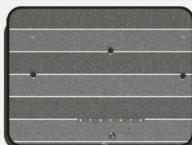
Place a cone 9 yards from each sideline and 18 yards deep.



Place a 3rd cone 25 yards deep in the middle third.

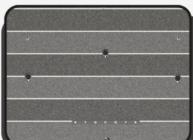


The 2 corners and free safety take proper stances and alignment.



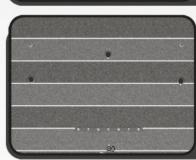
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Coach snaps the ball and DBs take a pass drop.



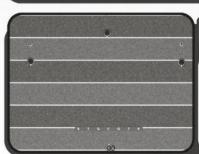
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DBs execute their read steps.



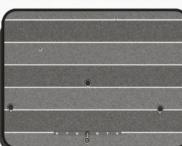
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After read steps, coach raises the ball to signal a pass.



07

Once DBs read pass, they backpedal to their respective cones.



Perform the drill from different hash marks and adjust cones accordingly.

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