## KANSAS REFEREE WORKBOOK 2024

Instructions: As you go through the Laws of the Game, complete the following information for each law as a study guide and to prepare for the test, prior to coming to the clinic.

## Law 1 - The Field of Play



Fill in the labels from the parts of the field below:
Provide the distance between the following:
Center mark to center circle = $\qquad$ yards

Corner Arc to corner flag = $\qquad$ yard

Optional mark to corner arc = $\qquad$ yards

Goal area to goal line = $\qquad$ yards

Penalty Area to goal line = $\qquad$ yards

Penalty mark to goal line $=$ $\qquad$ yards

Penalty Arc to penalty mark = $\qquad$ yards

Goals MUST be securely $\qquad$ Or the game CANNOT be played.

Lines are a part of the area they mark. If a foul occurs on the Penalty Area line, is it considered in the Penalty Area? $\qquad$

Is the Penalty Arc part of the Penalty Area? $\qquad$

## Law 2 - The Ball

It is the responsibility of the $\qquad$ to inspect all the balls that are used in the game. The most important characteristic of the ball is that it must be $\qquad$ —.

## Law 3 - The Number of Players

The number of Players may change with the age group. Check the rules of competition before you arrive at your game. The following questions use the FIFA requirements for Law 3.

Maximum number of players on the field for one team $=$ $\qquad$ One player must be the $\qquad$ Minimum number of players on the field for one team $=$ $\qquad$ One player must be the $\qquad$
One team has fewer than 7 players at game time. Should the Referee allow the game to be started? $\qquad$ The Referees are required to check in the players before each match. If the game is running behind time, can you skip this step? $\qquad$

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Can a coach be on the team sideline if they don't have a coach card? $\qquad$
Anyone not named on the team list as a player, substitute or team official is an $\qquad$
$\qquad$ . If they interfere will play, play is stopped and restarted with a $\qquad$ .

## Law 4 - Player's Equipment

Five pieces of mandatory equipment (hint the 5 S's):

1. $\qquad$
2. $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$
4. $\qquad$
5. $\qquad$
Goalkeepers must wear different colors than the teams. The reason for this is: $\qquad$
The primary consideration for shoes is that they be $\qquad$ . Are tennis shoes allowed? Yes or No

Are players allowed to wear jewelry that is not medically or religiously required? Yes or No
A player is wearing earrings. They tell the Referee that they just got their ears pierced and if they take them out, they will close. What should the Referee do? $\qquad$

## Law 5 - The Referee

The primary Duties and Powers of the Referee are:

1. $\qquad$
2. $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$
Is a Referee allowed to change his/her decision if the realize their decision in incorrect, prior to a restart? Yes or No If a player is seriously injured in the opinion of the Referee, what should they do immediately? $\qquad$
The Referee should punish the more $\qquad$ offense when more than one offense is commented at the same time.

Please match the following Referee Signals:
A. Direct Free Kick
B. Indirect Free Kick
C. Corner Kick
D. Goal Kick


## Law 6 - The Other Match Officials

The Assistant Referees indicate the following to the Referee:

1. $\qquad$ 3.
2. $\qquad$
The Assistant Referee should always be even with: (circle one)
A. The $2^{\text {nd }}$ to the last defender
B. The Ball
C. Either A or B, whichever is closer to the goal line. Is an Assistant Referee allowed to signal a foul that the Referee was not able to see? Yes or No Please match the following Assistant

Referee Signals:
A. Corner Kick
B. Throw-in
C. Substitution
D. Goal Kick

## Law 7 - The Duration of the Match

The Duration of the match may vary by age. Check the rules of competition before your game. FIFA says: A game consists of $\qquad$ equal halves of $\qquad$ minutes.

Must a game have a half time period? Yes or No
Allowances for time lost: (circle those that apply)

| Substitutions | Removal of Injured Players |
| :--- | :--- |
| Assessment of Injured Players | Wasting time | Any other reason

The amount of time added to each period is up to the $\qquad$ .

## Law 8 - The Start and Restart of Play

A ball in in play from a kickoff when it is $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ .

All players must be in their own $\qquad$ of the field of play at a kick-off, except for the $\qquad$ .

When is a kick-off the correct start/restart of play?
A. Start of the game
C. At the start of the second half
E. All of the above
B. After a goal is scored
D. At the start of extra periods

Can a player score directly from a Kickoff? Yes or No
If a player taking the kickoff touches the ball a $2^{\text {nd }}$ time before any other player touches it, which type of free kick is awarded to the opposing team? Direct Free Kick or Indirect Free Kick

For a dropped ball, the ball should be dropped from the waist height of the $\qquad$ _.

The ball is in play from a dropped ball when the ball touches the $\qquad$ .

Can a player score directly from a dropped ball? Yes or No

## Law 9 - The Ball in and Out of Play

The ball is out of play when:

1. The $\qquad$ of the ball crosses the $\qquad$ of the line in the air or on the ground.
2. The $\qquad$ blows the $\qquad$ to stop play.

Is the ball in play if it rebounds off the goal post, cross bar or corner flag and stays in the field of play? Yes or No

## Law 10 - The Method of Scoring

A goal is scored when:
The $\qquad$ ball crosses the $\qquad$ line, between the goal $\qquad$ under the $\qquad$ bar, and the
$\qquad$ team has not committed a foul.

## Law 11 - Offside

Offside position is defined as a player being closer to the opponent's $\qquad$ line than the $2^{\text {nd }}$ to last
$\qquad$ or the $\qquad$ at the time the ball is last touched or played by an $\qquad$ .

Is it against the Law (i.e., an offense) for a player to be in an offside position? Yes or No
There is no offside offense if a player receives the ball directly from: (hint: three of the restarts)
$\qquad$

1. 2. $\qquad$ 3. $\qquad$
A player becomes "actively involved" in play by: (circle one)
A. Interfering with play
C. Seeking to gain an advantage
B. Interfering with an opponent
D. $A, B$ and $C$ are all correct

Is a player considered offside if the ball deflects off a defender? Yes or No
The $\qquad$
$\qquad$ should raise their flag to signal for an offside infraction if a player is an offside position and receives the ball from a pass or touch made by a $\qquad$ . The restart for an offside infraction is a Direct Free Kick or an Indirect Free Kick? (Circle one)

## Law 12 - Fouls and Misconduct

The four (4) requirements for a foul are:
It must be committed by a $\qquad$
And must be against an $\qquad$
The action must occur on the $\qquad$ of play
The $\qquad$ must be in play

Fouls are divided into two categories (types) based on the restart:
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ and $\qquad$

There are 13 Direct Free Kick fouls: (hint: 2 with the mouth, 3 with the body, 3 with the legs \& 5 with the arms)

1. $\qquad$ 8. $\qquad$
2. $\qquad$ 9. $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$ 10. $\qquad$
4. $\qquad$ 11. $\qquad$
5. $\qquad$ 12. $\qquad$
6. $\qquad$ 13. $\qquad$
7. $\qquad$

There are 8 Indirect Free Kick fouls: (hint: 4 by the Goalkeeper and 4 other reasons)

1. $\qquad$ 5. $\qquad$
2. $\qquad$ 6. $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$ 7. $\qquad$
4. $\qquad$ 8. $\qquad$

List the 7 Mandatory Cautions (Yellow Cards)
List the 7 Mandatory Send-offs (Red Cards)

1. $\qquad$ 1. $\qquad$
2. $\qquad$ 2. $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$ 3. $\qquad$
4. $\qquad$ 4. $\qquad$
5. $\qquad$ 5. $\qquad$
6. $\qquad$ 6. $\qquad$
7. $\qquad$ 7. $\qquad$

## Law 13 - Free Kicks

There are two types of free kicks resulting from a foul: $\qquad$ or $\qquad$
A ball is in play from either a Direct or Indirect Free Kick when it is $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ moves.

Can a goal be scored directly from an Indirect Free Kick? Yes or No
Can you award a goal if a team kicks a free kick into their own goal without anyone else touching it? Yes or No Opponents must be $\qquad$ yards away from the ball at the taking of a free kick. In addition, if the restart is in the opponents Penalty Area, the opponents must be $\qquad$ the Penalty Area.

If, when a free kick is taken by the defending team inside its Penalty Area, all opponents must be $\qquad$ yards away from the ball until it is $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ moves.

## Law 14 - The Penalty Kick

A Penalty Kick is awarded when the $\qquad$ team commits a Direct Free Kick foul inside their own
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ while the $\qquad$ is in play.

Opponents must be outside the $\qquad$ Area and the $\qquad$ plus they must be behind the $\qquad$ .

A ball is in play from a Penalty Kick when it is $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ moves forward.

If the player taking the Penalty Kick touches the ball a $2^{\text {nd }}$ time before any other player touches it, the Referee should award and Indirect Free Kick to the Opposing team? Yes or No

If the player taking the Penalty Kick kicks the ball backward, the Referee should allow a retake? Yes or No

## Law 15 - The Throw-In

A throw-in is awarded when the $\qquad$ ball crosses the whole $\qquad$ in the air or on the ground.

Opponents must be $\qquad$ yards away from the spot where the throw-in is taken.

A proper throw-in procedure requires:
The play to face the $\qquad$ have both $\qquad$ on the ground on or outside the $\qquad$ line and the ball must come from behind and over the player's $\qquad$ -

A ball is in play from a throw-in when it leaves the player's $\qquad$ and enter the $\qquad$ of play.

If the player taking the throw-in touches the ball for a $2^{\text {nd }}$ time before any other player touches it, which type of free kick is awarded to the opposing team? Direct Free Kick or Indirect Free Kick

## Law 16 - The Goal Kick

A Goal Kick is awarded when the $\qquad$ ball crosses the whole $\qquad$ in the air or on the ground, and last touched by the $\qquad$ team.

Opponents must be outside the $\qquad$ until the ball is $\qquad$ and $\qquad$
$\qquad$ moves.

A ball is in play from a Goal Kick when it is $\qquad$ and $\qquad$
$\qquad$ moves.

If the player taking the Goal Kick touches the ball for a $2^{\text {nd }}$ time before any other player touches it, which type of free kick is awarded to the opposing team? Direct Free Kick or Indirect Free Kick

## Law 17 - The Corner Kick

A Corner Kick is awarded when the $\qquad$ ball crosses the whole $\qquad$ in the air or on the ground, and last touched by the $\qquad$ team.

Opponents must be $\qquad$ yards away from the $\qquad$ arc when a Corner Kick is taken.

A ball is in play from a Corner Kick when it is $\qquad$ and $\qquad$
$\qquad$ moves.

Can a goal be scored directly from a Corner Kick? Yes or No
If the player taking the Corner Kick touches the ball for a $2^{\text {nd }}$ time before any other player touches it, which type of free kick is awarded to the opposing team? Direct Free Kick or Indirect Free Kick

