

## 100m/200m Race Modeling



Presented by  
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### The Realities We Deal With...

All we gotta do is teach kids:

How to set up & execute the 100m dash & or 200m dash

PROPERLY Warm up  
PROPERLY Cool down  
Proper sprint mechanics  
Increase flexibility  
Increase strength  
Increase power  
Increase self confidence  
Acceleration mechanics  
Set blocks  
accelerate from blocks  
take a blind exchange (Left hand)  
give a blind exchange (Left hand)  
take a blind exchange (Right hand)  
give a blind exchange (Right hand)  
share the lane on an exchange  
Take off at the right time for an exchange for a 4x1  
Take off at the right time for an exchange for a 4x2

**JUMPER?**

- *LJ/TJ/HJ approach*
- *Take off mechanics*
- *Flight mechanics*

**HURDLER?**

- *Trail legs*
- *Lead legs*
- *Lead arm*
- *Trail arm*
- *Alternate over the hurdles?*
- *3 step rhythm*

**Don't forget,  
our #1  
responsibility:**

**Make  
them  
fast!!!**

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### Rehearsing a Race Strategy is Critical

- We have a plan for training, therefore we should have a plan to help that training lead to results.
- Understand & teach what running the event *feels like*, as opposed to what it's supposed to *look like-practice the feeling*
- **Be adaptable: Consider the strengths & weaknesses of the athlete when developing a race plan**
- Keep the in-race cues simple & motor response oriented
- React & respond in races, not think & try
- Understand track markings: universal visual keys
- *Don't waste days: race modeling must also be a workout: Understand the WHY of a workout, address phases accordingly*

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### 100m & 200m Race

*Versatile Phase*

PUSH PHASE	MECHANICS PHASE	MAINTENANCE PHASE
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PUSH ourselves down the track</li> <li>Proper Block position</li> <li>Proper Acceleration Mechanics (*Shin Angles)</li> <li>Transition when ready--- heels start recovering to the butt</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pushing ends</li> <li>Heel is recovering fully</li> <li>Tall &amp; Stepping Over</li> <li>100m: end of push through max velocity</li> <li>200m: "Float" phase through the "punch" into the last 80m</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>KEY is to maintain stride frequency</li> <li>GREAT Technique:</li> <li>TALL &amp; QUICK !               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tall, shoulders forward, hammer the elbows, "hot track" RELAX</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

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### What are the demands of the event we are preparing for?

• In order to get faster, the athlete must expand the energy systems used during each event

100m	200m	400m
-Purely Anaerobic <b>-Speed Development ATP/CP</b> Acceleration & Max Velocity -small speed endurance	<b>-Speed Development ATP/CP</b> Acceleration & Max Velocity -Slight Intensive Tempo -Heavy on Speed Endurance	Cycle through it all! <b>-Speed Development ATP</b> Acceleration & Max Velocity <b>-Speed Endurance</b> <b>-Lactate Power</b> <b>-Anaerobic Threshold/Capacity</b> <b>-Extensive Tempo (aerobic)</b>

Make the most of each training session by incorporating rehearsing the race.

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### 100m & 200m Energy System Work

PUSH PHASE	MECHANICS PHASE	MAINTENANCE PHASE
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ATP/CP work</li> <li>Acceleration work</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Max velocity</li> <li>Speed Endurance</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Speed Endurance</li> <li>Intensive Tempo</li> </ul>

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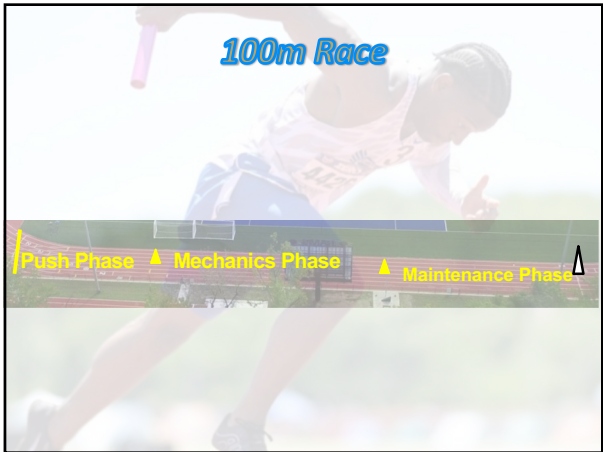
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**STAY PATIENT**

Technical elements of acceleration are **HARD TO MASTER**  
Race execution takes time to learn and apply  
\*THE VARIABLES!!!!!!!!!!

**S.R.'s 2024**

**100m Progression**

April 5	11.22
April 18	11.30
April 27	10.85
May 3	10.96
May 11	10.91
May 18	10.77
May 24	10.86
May 25	10.80 (Race 5)

**S.R.'s 2024**

**200m Progression**

March 30	22.16
April 13	22.28
April 27	22.18
May 11	22.12
May 18	21.99
May 24	21.93
May 25	21.87 (Race 8)

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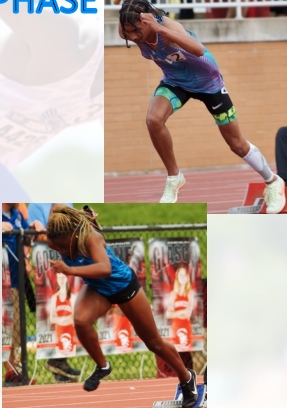
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### PUSH PHASE

- PUSH ourselves down the track
- Proper Block position
- Proper Acceleration Mechanics (\*Shin Angles)
- Transition when ready--- heels start recovering to the butt



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### PUSH PHASE: Shin Angle

Not my guy →



- Shin angle determines drive & power output versus running bent over
  - More vertical shin = less drive we actually have (direction of force application)
- Be in a position to push
  - Everything relating to positioning blocks, position in the blocks, and initial explosion out of blocks is aimed at getting in the best position to push.

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### Push Phase: Shin Angle

- Hard as hell to master & replicate!
- ALL DRILLS CUE:
  - Posture: tight core, hips forward, straight line through body
  - Low feet, knee to chest
- DRILLS
  - Drive Step Wall drill
  - Clean the Track (1 step)
  - Sweeper Drill
  - Push drills: sled, hurdle, trash can, steps
  - Resistance Drills: sleds, cords

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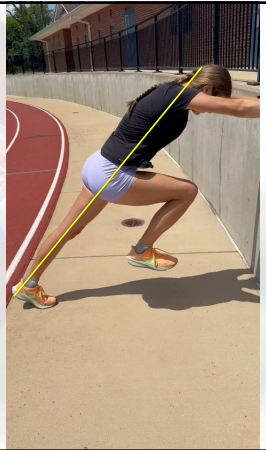
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**Wall Drill**

LOOK FOR...

1. Good posture: strait line head to heel
2. Heel away from butt
3. Knee drive to parallel
4. "Punch the knee to the wall"



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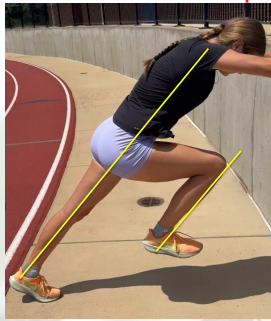
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**Wall Drill**

1. Good posture: strait line head to heel
2. Heel away from butt
3. Knee drive to parallel
4. "Punch knee to wall"—drive the hips forward

-No hip projection  
 -lost triple extension  
 -shin angle is big  
 Heel is high



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**Clean the Track  
(1<sup>st</sup> step sweep)**

1. Front thigh/knee lowers
2. Back foot "sweeps through" low, brushes the item away



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**SWEEPER  
DRILL**

- LOOK FOR...**  
1. Foot low, heel away from the butt  
2. Shin angles are low



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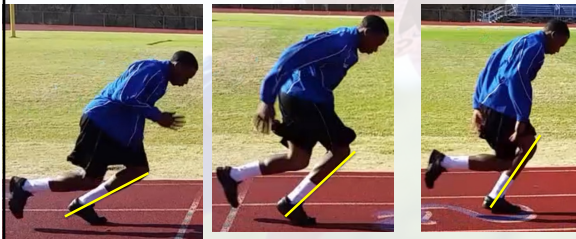
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**SWEEPER  
DRILL**

- LOOK FOR...**  
1. Foot low, heel away from the butt  
2. Shin angles are low



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**SLED PUSH**

*Feel the position*  
Sets up the angles & body positions  
Progression: March, Position Push, Get after it



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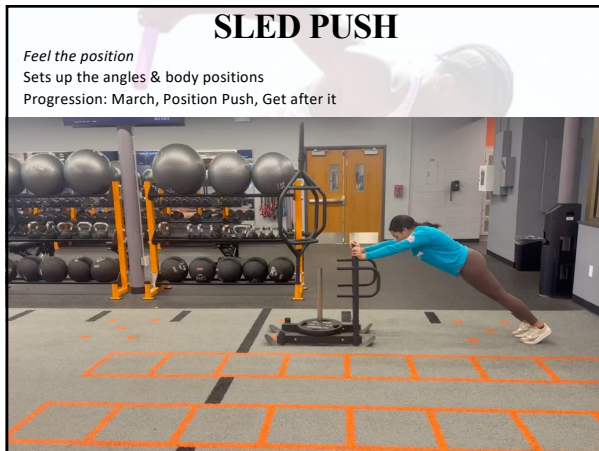
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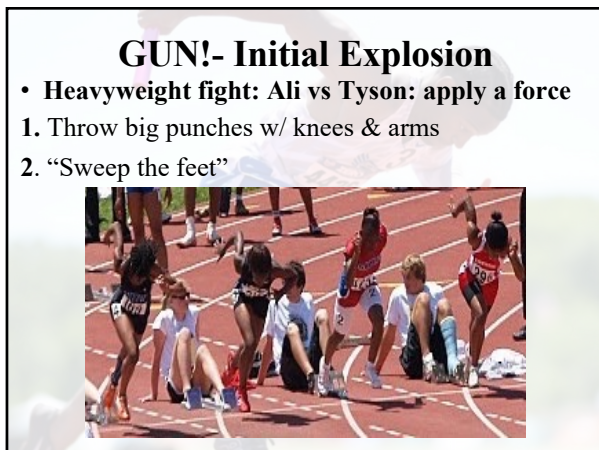
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**“Separate the hands”**

1. Don't care about exact 90 degree angles, but want bend for stretch reaction
1. “show the starter your arm pit”
- DRILL: arms only starts

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**Full Extension**

1. Ankle through hips
  - Always emphasize this: weight room (squats & snatch, plyos, EDDs)
2. “Sweep the feet”
  - Low to the ground
  - keep foot tucked, helps shin angle
  - Foot lands under center of mass

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**MECHANICS PHASE**

- Push Phase over
- Heel is recovering fully (heel to hamstring)
- Tall & Stepping Over
- 100m: end of push through max velocity
- 200m: “Float” phase through the “punch” into the last 80m



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### Optimal Sprint Position



How do we get in position to:

- Get everything out of the stride
- Apply a force to the ground
- Be stiff at ground contact,: through the knee & hip
- Reactive Strength
- Timing = body position @ ground contact

Swing leg  
Heel recovery position (tight heel!)  
knee even/behind

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### Optimal Sprint Position

**THE MODEL**



**THE GOOD**



**THE BAD**



**THE UGLY**



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### Optimal Sprint Position

"Hit the Positions" "Push Up" (go vertical to go forward)  
Spacing: need to hold the cadence or increase



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## MAINTENANCE PHASE

- Key is to maintain frequency  
SPEED = Stride length x stride frequency
- GREAT Technique
- Speed Endurance work as the foundation

**TALL & QUICK !**

- Tall, shoulders forward, hammer the elbows, **RELAX**

**FINISHING MOVE:**  
Palms to the sky  
Ear to the track  
3-5 strides away from line



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## 200m Dash Race Modeling



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## 200m Race

PUSH PHASE	MECHANICS PHASE	MAINTENANCE PHASE
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Traditional 100m acceleration mechanics &amp; drive phase</li> <li>• be quick and powerful w/ arms around the turn, “down on the gas pedal”</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 20m float zone (varies by athlete)</li> <li>• It's not a race to the straight away, must conserve energy @ some point in the race</li> <li>• Hold the speed, no more gas: be tall and quick into the zone</li> <li>• Punch &amp; hold</li> <li>• Build w/ powerful elbows firing back (not an actual re-accel.)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Last 60/50m: maintenance phase, stay quick &amp; relaxed</li> </ul> <p><b>TALL &amp; QUICK !</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Tall, shoulders forward, hammer the elbows, “hot track” <b>RELAX</b></li> </ul>

80-20-100  
build 80, float 20, build 100

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**Push - Mechanics Phase**  
**Float Phase Work**

80s on the turn: on a Speed Day

Start the session with blocks (Push Phase work)

EX: 3x20m, 3x30m

4-5x80m reps @ “race pace” or race simulation with 5-8 min rest

Start 20m **into** the race in a 3pt stance

Build/ Accelerate for 60m, then hold even for 20m segment

Should see a difference in arm action

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### Mechanics - Maintenance Float & Punch Zone

Flying 120s: Speed Endurance session

- 5 reps @ 90-95% 6 min recovery:
- fast but under control to work the zones

- 10-15m fly zone to build up speed
  - Float through the 20m zone, punch/build for 50m, maintain for 50m
- Even last 50s (should not be all out)

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### *Race Model Workout Variations*

- Know what you want to work on
- What energy system are we targeting (determines volume & intensity)

#### SAMPLE SESSION

- 2x120 (200m race model)
- 2x50m race model off turn
- (20m fly , 20m float, 10m punch)

#### SAMPLE SESSION

- 4X30m Block starts (Push)
- 1x180 @ 92% fly into it Push - Mechanics (Float& Punch)
- 3x60m @ 92% last 60m into the finish (Maintenance)

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### Structure of Training: Meso-Cycle

Progressive Loading Principles when planning workouts and progressing workouts: VOLUME & INTENSITY

inverse relationship:  $V \downarrow I \uparrow$  OR  $V \uparrow I \downarrow$

Weekly Themes 1: *SPEED* 2: *STRENGTH* 3: *RECOVERY*

Theme	MON	TUES	WED	THUR	FRI	SAT
<b>Week 1</b> <i>Speed</i>	Accel., power	Int. Tempo (85-87%)	Active Rec.	Speed Endurance (90+%)	Pre- Meet	COMPETE
<b>Week 2</b> <i>Strength</i>	Special End 1 (85-90%)	Ext Tempo (83-88%)	Active Rec.	Lactate Threshold (85-90%)	Pre- Meet	COMPETE
<b>Week 3</b> <i>Recovery</i>	Special End 1 (90-93%)	Intensive Tempo (backend 400 pace)	Active Rec.	Race Specific Endurance (90%- Race Pace)	Pre- Meet	COMPETE

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### Themed Meso-Cycles Helps focus on 100m & 200m

Theme	MON	TUES	WED	THUR	FRI	SAT
<b>Week 1</b> <i>Speed- 100m focus</i>	Speed Develop.	Intensive Tempo	Active Recovery	Short Speed Endurance OR Max Velocity	Pre-Meet	COMPETE 100, 4x1, 4x2
<b>Week 2</b> <i>Strength 200m focus</i>	Speed End	Ext Tempo	Active Recovery	Lactic Work	Pre-Meet	COMPETE 4x2, 200, 4x1
<b>Week 3</b> <i>Recovery</i>	Speed Develop.	Lactic work or Intensive Tempo	Active Recovery	Race Specific Endurance/ model	Pre-Meet	COMPETE

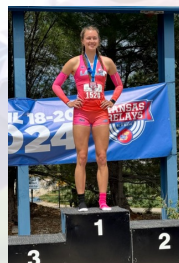
  

Theme	MON	TUES	WED	THUR	FRI	SAT
<b>Week 1</b> <i>Speed 100m</i>	Ladder drill 6x20m Sweeper drill 3x20 Blocks: 3x20m, 3x30m, 2x50m Total 430m	4x2 exchanges 5x120 @ 88% 3min 1300m	Hurdle mobility Block tech 4x1 stationary drill	4x1 exchanges 2x3x80m @ 95% 4min b/w reps 8min b/w sets PLYOS (720m)	Pre-Meet	COMPETE 100, 4x1, 4x2
<b>Week 2</b> <i>Strength 200m</i>	4x220m @ 93% 8-10min PLYOS (880m)	2x3x200 @ 85% 2:30 b/w reps, 4min b/w sets (Total 1200m)	Hurdle mobility Block tech 4x1 stationary drill	2(3x30-250) @ 88% 1min, 5min...10' sets	Pre-Meet	COMPETE 4x2, 200, 4x1 (4x4)
<b>Week 3</b> <i>Recovery</i>	Bounding series Multi Throws STARTS: on turn 3x30m, 3x 60m, 1x80 (TOTAL 350m)	5x270m @ 85% 6min 1350m	Active Recovery	2x20m starts on turn 2x30m starts on turn 3x3x flying 120' s (set up & work test 120 of 200m pace) (Total 160m)	Pre-Meet	COMPETE

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Got more questions?

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