

# Walker Youth Hockey Skills and Progression Testing

# 08/01/2020

PROGRAM GOAL

"Raise awareness of the importance of skill development and establish a system to measure and celebrate skills."

A series of 6 individual skill tests have been designed to measure the skill level of players. These tests can be administered by team coaches requiring very little equipment, expense and set up time.

It is ideal to test players 2 times per season, but if ice time is available it is recommended that players be tested 3 times per season. Testing 2 or 3 times in a season will help to establish performance levels and demonstrate the amount of improvement that takes place. It is very important that the testing environment is set up in the same manner each time to ensure that the comparisons of test results from each session are meaningful and accurate.

If testing were to take place 3 times throughout the season, the best times would be:

1. The beginning of the season: sets a baseline for each player and the team

2. Mid – season: demonstrates the amount of skill improvement of each player and the team

3. End of season: demonstrates improvement from the start of the season to the end of the season

#### Conducting the Test

With the right number of assistants (6) on the ice, the 6 station test can be administered during one ice session with all stations active simultaneously. A second option would be to incorporate the test into a series of practices by setting up and executing one or two stations over several ice sessions.

Equipment required:

- (30) Pucks
- (1) Tape Measure 100 feet
- (1) Spray paint
- (3) Stop watches
- (10) Pylons
- Shooter Tutor
- (6) Clipboards / pens

#### Personnel required:

- (1) Lead Tester to coordinate all on ice activities
- (6) Assistant Testers to lead individual testing stations
- (6) Recorders optional (can assist with recording scores at each station)

#### Standards

• Over time a set of age division standards will accumulate in the database of test results. Players and teams will be able to compare scores and judge strengths, weaknesses and areas in need of improvement.

#### Education

• One of the most important aspects of the program is that once coaches have tested their players and the results have been compiled, coaches will receive a series of drills designed to help improve weaknesses of the team as a whole, or individual player weaknesses.

# Setting Up the Stations

### 6 Station Skills Testing Set-Up

#### Time Description

60 MIN 6 Station Skills Testing Set Up

#### Option 1

- All 6 stations can be run in one practice. It takes approximately 10 minutes to set up, leaving about 8 minutes per station to complete the testing.
- During the set up period, players can warm up and be given an overview of how the session will work.
- Depending how many players there are they can be divided into groups as small as two (1 team on the ice) or as many as 6 (2 teams on the ice). Option 1 requires 6 coaches or testing assistants, one for each test station.

#### Option 2

- 3 stations can be run one practice, and another 3 stations can be run the next.
- Option 2 requires at least 3 coaches or testing assistants.

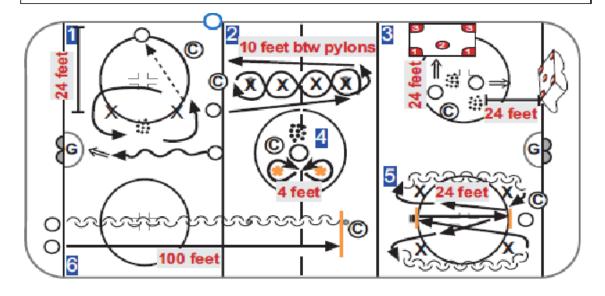
#### Key Execution Points (KEP)

- Use parents to act as recorders when entering the scores on the data sheet.
- Ensure the necessary equipment is on hand.

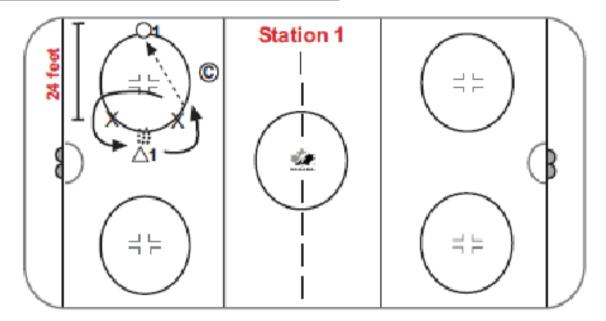
#### > (30) Pucks

- (1) Tape Measure 100 ft
- (1) Can of spray paint
- (3) Stop watches
- (10) Pylons
- (6) Clipboards

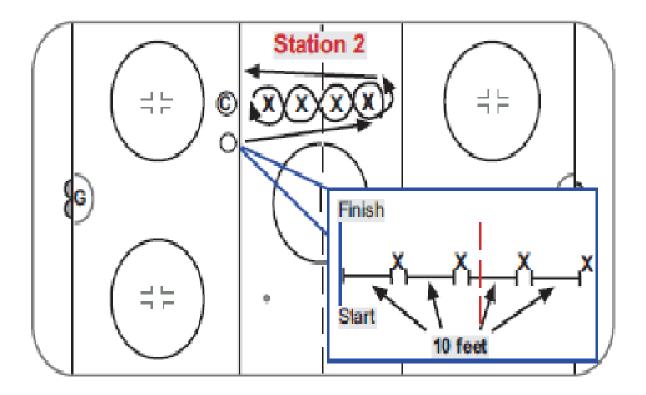
If players fall or perform the skill incorrectly, give them another chance to complete the skill.



# STATION ONE: Forehand / Backhand Passing



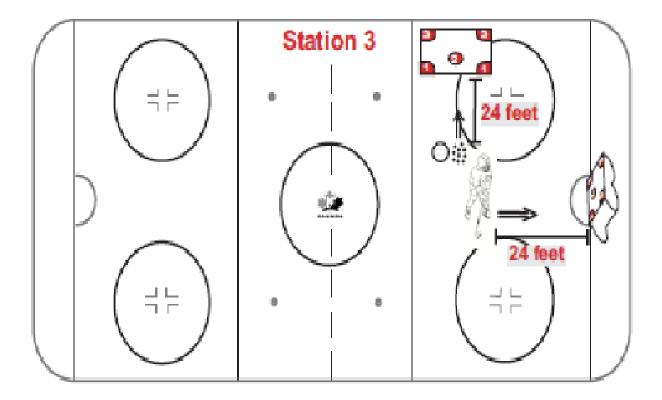
Time	Description
8 MIN	Forehand / Backhand Passing
<ul> <li>1 player starts with puck standing on edge of circle, a receiver is standing straight across from the passer near the boards.</li> </ul>	
The passer makes a total of 10 passes, 5 forehand and 5 backhand.	
	elvers are 24 feet from passer. At the point where the receiver is located, place two spray at dots on the ice 1 foot a part.
ska	passer skates around the pylon on the forehand side, makes a pass to the receiver, then tes around the pylons to pick up another puck to make another moving pass. 5 passes are te on the forehand then change direction and make 5 passes on the backhand.
	receiver is not scored for pass reception. A successful pass is one that goes through the ots on the ice.
Key Exe	cution Pointa (KEP)
pas	re is recorded as number of successful passes out of 5 (5 forehand & 5 backhand) by ser only.
	re is no time limit. I split into two groups.



#### 6 MIN Forward Weave Agliity Skate

- Start at the blue line, skate forward towards the far pylon and make a tight turn around first pylon. Weave back through the pylons, making a tight turn around the last pylon (closest to start line), and weave back through the pylons, making a tight turn around the last one. Sprint back to the blue line which is both the start and finish line.
- The first pylon is 10 feet from blue line. (Starting point)
- Pyions are set 10 feet apart.

- This is a timed drill.
- Do the test without a puck first, then repeat the test with a puck.
- Measure distances for pylon placement and use spray paint to mark the spot. Place a pylon over top of each spray painted dots. This ensures that if a pylon gets knocked off down, it will be easy to replace it to the exact spot.



#### Time Description

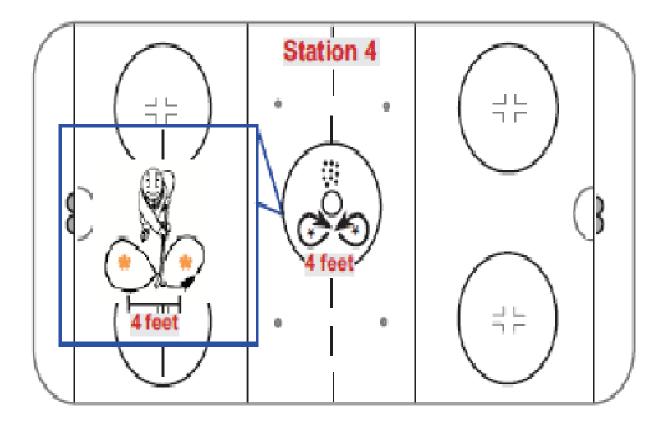
#### 8 MIN Shooting Accuracy

- Players line up 24 feet from the boards or net. A standard shooter tutor can be used as the target. Players take 10 forehand shots and 10 backhand shots at the target. 3 points are awarded for hitting the top two corners, 2 points for hitting the five hole and 1 point for hitting the bottom two corners. 30 points is the maximum points to be awarded. NOTE: A series of 5 targets could also be placed on the boards, or a comparable target system to that of a shooter tutor that has 5 shooting areas can also be used.
- A way of saving time is to split this station into forehand and backhand stations and have two people recording simultaneously – 1 forehand, and 1 backhand.

#### Shooting Speed Option

A speed puck is required. After each shot, the speed on the puck is noted with the highest speed of the 10 shots being recorded.

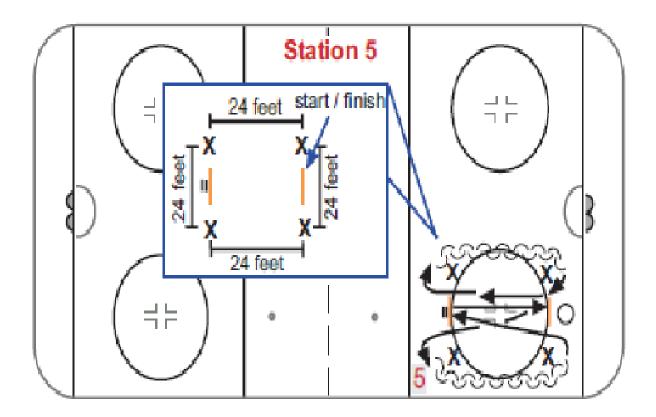
- Have 10 pucks ready for each player to shoot.
- Have all players go through on forehand first, then on backhand.
- Measure the distances, and use spray paint to mark the spot.



# Time Description 8 MN Figure "8" Stickhandling Two spray painted dots, or pucks are placed 4 feet apart. Each player is timed to see how long it takes to do 5 figure 8's around the dots with the puck. Player is stationary, and only the puck does the figure 8's around the dots.

- One complete figure 8 is going around both dots / pucks and crossing the middle starting point.
- For players 8 years old and under place the dots 3 feet apart instead of 4.

- This is a timed drill.
- Use water to freeze pucks in place so they don't move if touched by the player.

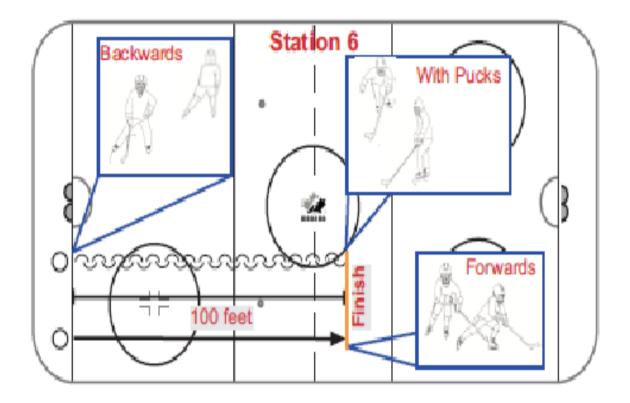


# Time Description

8 MN Transition - Agility Skate

- Each player starts on line at the bottom of circle. The player skates forward to far right side pylon, plyots and skates backwards to lower right side pylon.
- The player then plvots and skates forward to far left side pylon, plvots and skates backwards to lower left side pylon.
- The player then plvots and skates forward to designated line, stops, and then skates forward back to starting line.
- Complete the test without a puck. Then complete the test with a puck.

- Players must transition from forward to backward and forward to backward at the pylons.
- Measure distances, and use spray paint to mark the spot. Place a pylon over top of each spray painted dot. This will ensure accurate placement of the pylon without having to remeasure when pylons are knocked over.

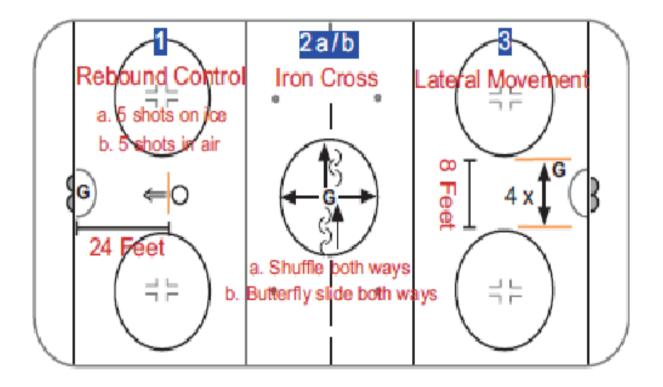


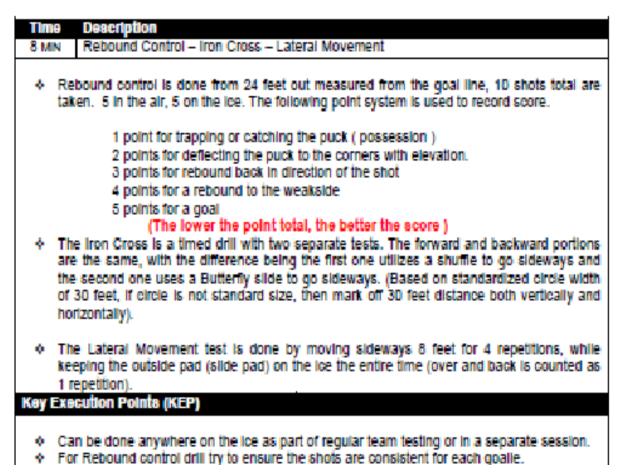
#### Time Description

#### 8 MIN Forward / Backward - Speed Skate

- Players skate as fast as they can straight ahead, first forwards and then backwards.
- The distance is 100 feet.
- Measure 100 feet starting at the goal line. Use spray paint to draw a line to indicate the finish line.
- Complete first without a puck. Then add a puck for the second trial.

- Complete forward skating without a puck then add a puck. Repeat the test backwards first without a puck and then with a puck.
- Encourage players to skate through finish line (discourage players from stopping at the finish line).





\*\*\*Source Canada Player Development\*\*\*