

"Where Safety comes First" 2024 Safety Plan

# League ID #: 4055602

East Fullerton Little League Safety Program

# Safety Mission Statement

East Fullerton Little League is a non-profit organization run by volunteers whose mission is to provide an opportunity for our community's children to learn the game of baseball in a safe and friendly environment.

# **2024 Board of Directors**

<b>Requirement 1:</b>			
Title	Name	E-Mail	<u>Phone Number</u>
President	Tracy Sanchez	tracy.sanchez@efll.org	(714) 244-5183
Vice President	Alice Anh	alice.anh @efll.org	(714) 227-7798
Secretary	Linda Yen	linda.yen@efll.org	(626) 688-1436
Treasurer	Jeff Baptie	jeff.baptie@efll.org	(714) 356-0995
Safety Officer	Jose Alvarez	jose.alvarez@efll.org	(714) 365-0536
Information Officer	Krystal Ramirez	info@efll.org	(714) 458-7564
Player Agent	Tony Flores	tony.flores@efll.org	(714) 930-5823
Umpire in Chief	Tony Bogart	tony.bogart@efll.org	(714) 493-4510
Director of Coaches	Tony Ildefonzo	tony.ildefonzo@efll.org	(714) 943-3629
Field Coordinator	Charles Forsgren	charles.forsgren@efll.org	(562) 773-8377
Sponsorship Coordinator	Matt Maturo	matt.maturo@efll.org	(714) 600-6415
Equipment Manager	Lauro Ramirez	lauro.ramirez@efll.org	(714) 420-2307
Uniform Coordinator	Skylar Pontius	skyler.pontius@efll.org	(714) 206-6271
Snack Bar Coordinator	Crystal Pyon	crystal.pyon@efll.org	(714) 616-0015
Community			
Engagement Officer	Brenda Alvarez	social@efll.org	(714)853-0942

# **Distribution of Safety Manual**

### **Requirement 2:**

Each team will receive a paper copy of this safety manual. Managers and or Team Safety Officers should have a copy of the safety manual at all league functions.

# **EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS**

Requirement 3:	
Police Emergencies	911
Non-threat Emergency	311
Fire	911
Fullerton Police Non-Emergency	714-738-6800
City of Fullerton Parks & Rec	714-738-6575
Animal Control	714-935-6848

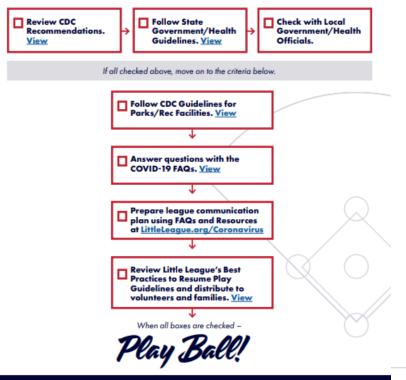
# **NEIGHBORING HOSPITALS**

NAME: Providence St. Jude Medical Center ADDRESS: 101 E Valencia Mesa Dr. Fullerton, CA, 92835 PHONE NUMBER: (714) 871-3280

### **Requirement 3: COVID-19 Guidelines**

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# As your local league considers returning to play, keep these resources in mind:



# STAY SAFE ON AND OFF THE FIELD

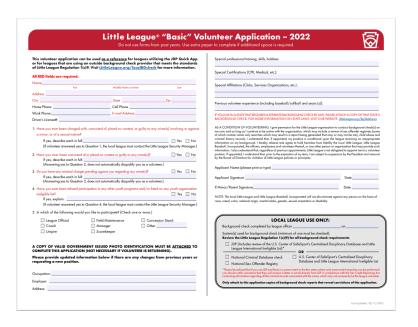


# **Background Checks**

## **Requirement 4:**

Little League International has established criteria for each chartered league's performance of an investigation into the background of all individuals who volunteer in any capacity. Each manager will send a list of his volunteers; including for each person a copy of a government issued photo identification and email address to the Safety Officer. A background check with a volunteer application will be sent to the prospective volunteer through the JDP application. The minimum requirement for these background investigations is verification that volunteers are not registered sex offenders. To provide additional protection to the children we will submit a list of all volunteers to JDP. A background investigation that will list any convictions nationwide will be completed. Upon clearance of individual background investigations all volunteers will be notified by The Board of Directors.





# **League Training Dates and Times**

Requirement 5:	Date	Location	Time
<b>Coach Fundamental Training:</b>	02/04/24	Goodwin Field	12:00pm

Requirement 6:	Date	Location	Time		
Safety Manual & First-Aid Training:	01/27/24	Chapman Park	9:30am		
Each team will receive a paper copy of this safety manual. Managers and or Team Safety					
Officers should have a copy of the safety manual at all league functions.					

# **Field Inspections and Storage Procedures**

## Requirement 7:

## **BEFORE THE SEASON STARTS**

- ✓ Familiarize yourself with the safety materials.
- ✓ Appoint a Safety Parent for your team. They need to be at all the games and have a cellular phone. It can be an Assistant Coach.

## PRIOR TO EACH GAME

- ✓ Complete a field safety checklist. Report any problems to your Commissioner. Or to the League Safety Officer.
- ✓ Check the team equipment for any problems. Report any equipment problems to the Equipment Manager.

✓ Check the contents in your team's first aid kit. Contact the League Safety Officer for any items that need to be replaced.

### **STORAGE SHED**

The following applies to the entire storage shed used by the League and applies to anyone who has been issued a key to use those sheds.

- ✓ All individuals are aware of their responsibility for the orderly and safe storage of rakes, shovels, and bases.
- ✓ Before you use any equipment located in the shed (lights, scoreboards, etc.) please read the written operating procedures for that equipment.
- ✓ All chemicals or organic materials stored in the sheds shall be properly marked and labeled as to its contents.
- ✓ Any witnessed "loose" chemicals or organic materials within these sheds should be cleaned up and disposed of as soon as possible to prevent accidental poisoning.

# **PRE-GAME FIELD INSPECTION CHECK LIST**

# MANAGERS NAME:

DATE:		-	Time:		
Field Condition	Yes	No	Catchers Equipment	Yes	No
Backstop Intact			Hockey Catchers Helmet		
Home Plate Intact			Dangling Throat Guard		
Bases Secure			Helmets		
Pitcher's Mound Safe			Catcher's Mitt		
Batter Box Lined/Level			Chest Protector		
Infield Fence Repair			Shin guards		
Outfield Fence Repair			Dugouts	Yes	No
Foul Lines Marked			Fencing Needs Repair		
Infield Need Repairs			Bench Needs Repair		
Outfield Need Repairs			Trash Cans		
Warning Track			Clean Up Is Needed		
Coaches boxes Lined				1	
Free Of Foreign Objects			Spectator Area	Yes	No
Grass Surface Even			Bleachers Need Repair		
			Protective Screens Ok		

Player Equipment	Yes	No	Bleachers Clean		
Batting Helmets			Parking Area Safe		
Jewelry Removed			Safety Equipment	Yes	No
Shoes/Bats Inspected			First-aid Kit Each Team		
Face Mask (Minor/Mjrs)			Medical Release Forms		
Proper Cleats			Ice Pack/Ice		
Athletic Cups (boys)			Safety Manual		
Full Uniform			Injury Report Forms		
Bats Meet Standards			Drinking Water		

**REPORT ANY PROBLEMS TO YOUR COMMISSIONER OR SAFETY OFFICER. Turn this form into the concession stand or to your division Rep.** 

### **Requirement 8:**

Annual Little League Facility Survey will be submitted in the Data Center.

# **Concession Stand Guidelines**

## **Requirement 9:**

Every worker must be instructed on these guidelines before they can work.

### Wash your hands regularly:

- Use soap and warm water.
- Rub your hands vigorously as you wash them.
- Wash all surfaces including the backs of hands wrists, between fingers and under fingernails.
- Rinse hands well.
- Dry hands well.
- Dry hands with paper towels.
- Turn off water using a paper towel, instead of your bare hands.

Wash your hands in this fashion before you begin work and especially after performing any of these activities:

- After touching bare human body parts other than clean hands and clean exposed portions of arms.
- After using restrooms.
- After caring for or handling animals.
- After coughing, sneezing, using a handkerchief or disposable tissue.
- After touching soiled surfaces.
- After drinking, using tobacco, or eating.
- During food preparation.
- When switching from raw to ready to eat foods.
- After engaging in activities that contaminate hands

### **Basic Rules:**

- 1. Menu... smaller is better. No salads cut up fruit or vegetables, no food prepared at home.
- 2. Cook food thoroughly. Use a meat thermometer. Keep hotdogs and burgers at 41 degrees when cold and cook to 155 degrees or above when hot.
- 3. Rapidly reheat foods to 165 degrees. Slow cooking devices may activate bacteria and never reach killing temperatures.
- 4. All foods that require refrigeration must be cooled to 41 degrees F. as quickly as possible and held there until ready to use. To cool foods quickly, use the ice water bath (60% ice and 40% water), stirring the product frequently, or place their food in shallow pans no more than 4 inches in depth and refrigerate. Pans should not be stored one a top of the other and lids should be off or afar until the food is completely cooled. Check the temperature periodically to see if the food is cooling properly. DO NOT LEAVE FOOD OUT AT ALL!!
- 5. FREQUENT AND THOROUGH HANDWASHING IS REQUIRED.
- 6. Only healthy people should prepare and serve food. Anyone with any symptoms of disease (cramps, nausea, fever, vomiting, diarrhea, cough etc.) or who has open sores or infected cuts on the hands should not be allowed in the food concession area. Workers' clothes should be clean, and they should not smoke in the concession area. Hair restraints are recommended.
- 7. Food handling: Avoid hand contact with raw food, ready-to-eat foods and food contact surfaces. Use a utensil and/or glove.
- 8. Use disposable utensils for food service. Keep your hands away from food contact surfaces and never reuse disposable dishware. Ideally utensils should be washed in a four-step method: (1) Hot soapy water, (2) Rinsing in clean water, (3) Chemical or heat sanitizing, (4) Air drying.
- 9. Ice that is used to cool cans/bottles should not be used in cup beverages. And should be stored separately. Use scoop to dispense ice, never use hands.
- 10. Wiping cloths should be rinsed and stored in a bucket sanitizer. (1-gallon water and <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> tsp. chlorine bleach. Change the solution every 2 hours.
- 11. Insect control and waste. Keep foods covered to protect from insects. Store pesticides away from food. Place garbage and paper waste in a refuse container with a lid that fits tightly. Dispose of all water in the restrooms, do not pour outside. All water that is used should be potable from and approved source.
- 12. Keep food stored off the floor at least 6 inches. After your event is finished, clean the concession area and discard any unusable food. Do not save food for reheating.

# THE TOP SIX CAUSES FOR ILLNESS

- 1. Inadequate cooling and cold holding.
- 2. Preparing food too far in advance of service.
- 3. Poor personal hygiene and infected personnel.
- 4. Inadequate reheating.
- 5. Inadequate hot holding.
- 6. Contaminated raw foods and ingredients.

# **Concession Stand Tips**

# Requirement 9

12 Steps to Safe and Sanitary Food Service Events: The following information is intended to help you run a healthful concession stand Following these simple auidelines will help minimize the risk of foodborne illness. This information was provided by District Administrator George Glick, and is excerpted from "Food Safety Hints" by the Fort Wayne-Allen County, Ind., Department of Health.

### 1 Manu

Keep your menu simple, and keep potentially hazardous foods (meats, eggs, dairy products, protein salads, cut fruits and vegetables, etc.) to a minimum. Avoid using precooked foods or leftovers. Use only foods from approved sources, avoiding foods that have been prepared at home. Complete control over 6. Health and Hygiene. your food, from source to service, is the key to safe, sanitary food service.

### 2. Cooking.

Use a food thermometer to check on cooking and holding temperatures of potentially hazardous foods. All potentially hazardous foods should be kept at 41° F or below (if cold) or 140° F or above (if hot). Ground beef and ground pork products should be cooked to an internal temperature of 155° F, poultry parts should be cooked to 165° F. Most foodborne illnesses from temporary events can be traced back to lapses in temperature control.

#### 3. Reheating.

Rapidly reheat potentially hazardous foods to 165° F. Do not attempt to heat foods in crock pots, steam tables, over sterno units or other holding devices.

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Slow-cooking mechanisms may activate bacteria and never reach killing temperatures.

#### 4. Cooling and Cold Storage.

Foods that require refrigeration must be cooled to 41° F as quickly as possible and held at that temperature until ready to serve. To cool foods down quickly, use an ice water bath (60% ice to 40% water), stirring the product frequently, or place the food in shallow pans no more than 4 inches in depth and refrigerate. Pans should not be stored one atop the other and lids should be off or aiar until the food is completely cooled. Check temperature periodically to see if the food is cooling properly. Allowing hazardous foods to remain unrefrigerated for too long has been the number ONE cause of foodborne illness.

#### 5. Hand Washing

Frequent and thorough hand washing remains the first line of defense in preventing foodborne disease. The use of disposable gloves can provide an additional barrier to contamination, but they are no substitute for hand washing!

Only healthy workers should prepare and serve food. Anyone who shows symptoms of disease (cramps, nausea, fever, vomiting, diarrhea, jaundice, etc.) or who has open sores or infected cuts on the hands should not be allowed in the food concession area. Workers should wear clean outer garments and should not smoke in the concession area. The use of hair restraints is recommended to prevent hair ending up in food products.

#### 7. Food Handling.

Avoid hand contact with raw, readyto-eat foods and food contact surfaces. Use an acceptable dispensing utensil

to serve food. Touching food with bare hands can transfer germs to food.

#### 8. Dishwashing

Use disposable utensils for food service. Keep your hands away from food contact surfaces, and never reuse disposable dishware. Wash in a four-step process:

- 1. Washing in hot soapy water,
- 2. Rinsing in clean water; 3. Chemical or heat sanitizing, and

4. Air drying.

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Ice used to cool cans bottles should not be used in cup beverages and should be stored separately. Use a scoop to dispense ice, never use the hands. Ice can become contaminated with bacteria and viruses and cause foodborne illness

#### 10. Wiping Cloths.

Rinse and store your wiping cloths in a bucket of sanitizer (example: 1 gallon of water and 1/2 teaspoon of chlorine bleach). Change the solution every two hours. Well sanitized work surfaces prevent cross-contamination and discourage flies.

#### 11. Insect Control and Waste.

Keep foods covered to protect them from insects. Store pesticides away from foods. Place garbage and paper wastes in a refuse container with a tightfitting lid. Dispose of wastewater in an approved method (do not dump it outside). All water used should be potable water from an approved source.

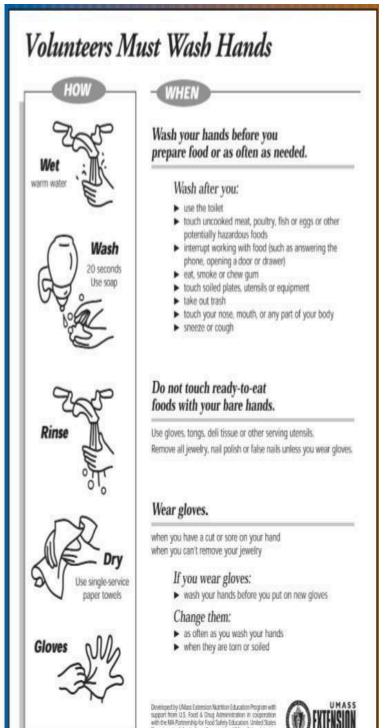
#### 12. Food Storage and Cleanliness.

Keep foods stored off the floor at least six inches. After your event is finished, clean the concession area and discard unusable food.

#### 13. Set a Minimum Worker Age.

Leagues should set a minimum age for workers or to be in the stand; in many states this is 16 or 18, due to potential hazards with various equipment.

> Safety plans must be postmarked no later than May 1st.



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# **Inspection of Equipment**

### **Requirement 10:**

- This Little League requires regular inspection of playing equipment.
- Unsafe equipment should not be given in team equipment bags.
- Manager's Coaches and Umpires are required to inspect equipment prior to each use.
- Bad equipment will be logged and will be removed and destroyed.

# **Accident Reporting Procedure**

### Requirement 11:

<u>What to Report</u>: An incident that causes a Payer, Manager, Coach or Umpire to receive medical treatment or first aid must be reported to The Safety Officer.

<u>When to Report:</u> All such incidents described above must be reported to The Safety Officer within 24 to 48 hours of the incident.

The Safety Officer is:	NAME: Jose Alvarez
	Cell Number: 714-365-0536
	Home Number: N/A
	Email: jose.alvarez@efll.org

**How to Make a Report:** Reporting incidents can come in a variety of forms. Most typically they are telephone conversations. At a minimum, the following information is needed.

- 1. The name and address of the injured person.
- 2. The date, time, and location of the incident.
- 3. As detailed of a description of the incident as possible.
- 4. The preliminary estimation of the extent of the injury.
- 5. The name and phone number of the person making the report.
- 6. Names and phone number of any witnesses.

In your safety packet you will find the injury report forms. If your Safety Parent is there, he/she can assist you in getting the front of the form filled out. Then a call is to be made to The Safety Officer reporting the incident within 48 hours. Little League insurance is a supplemental insurance to the insured's own insurance. There is a small deductible.

**How to Replace the Injury Report Forms:** The forms can be replaced by The Safety Officer or downloaded from <u>www.littleleague.org</u> found under forms and publications.

# FIRST AID KITS

## **Requirement 12:**

Each team is provided with a league issued first aid kit. Each kit includes the following.

- (10) Adhesive sterile bandage
- (2) Extra-large adhesive sterile bandage
- (2) Non-adherent pads 2 x 3
- (2) Gauze pad 12-ply 3 x 3 sterile
- (1) Adhesive tape
- (2) Instant cold compress 4 x 4
- (3) Triple antibiotic ointment
- (3) Antiseptic towelette
- 1/8 oz. Burn Cream
- (3) Sting relief wipes
- (1) Tweezers

# **Communicable Disease Procedures**

- 1. Bleeding must be stopped, the open wound covered, and the uniform changed if there is blood on it before the athlete may continue.
- 2. Routinely use gloves to prevent mucous membrane exposure when contact with blood or other body fluids is anticipated (Provided in the first aid kit).
- 3. Immediately wash hands and other skin surfaces if contaminated with blood.
- 4. Clan all blood contaminated surfaces and equipment.
- 5. Managers, Coaches, and Volunteers with open wounds should refrain from all direct contact until the condition is resolved.
- 6. Follow accepted guidelines in the immediate control of bleeding and disposal when handling bloody dressings, mouth guards and other articles containing body fluids.

# **Enforcement of Little League Rules**

# **Requirement 13:**

- All volunteers must have a volunteer application filled out and on file with the Little League. Our league will provide annual background checks.
- No laminated bat shall be used... (rule 1.10)
- The traditional batting donut is not permissible... (rule 1.10)
- A pitcher shall not wear any items on his/her hands, wrists or arms which may be a distraction to the batter. White long sleeve shirts are not permitted... (rule 1.11)
- Pitcher shall not wear sweat bands on his/her wrists... (rule 1.15)
- Players must not wear jewelry... (rule 1.11)
- Catcher must wear a catcher's mitt... (rule 1.12)

- All batters must wear protective batting helmets, all helmets must bear the NOCAE stamp, No painting, or stickers on helmets... (rule 1.16)
- All male players must wear athletic supporters. Male catchers must wear the metal, fiber, or plastic type protective cup.
- A catcher's helmet must have the dangling type throat protector and catcher's helmet during infield/outfield practice, pitcher warm-up and games.
- Skull caps are not permitted... (rule 1.17)
- Each team is allowed three coaches in the dugout...
- Managers or coaches may not warm up a pitcher at home plate or in the bull pen or elsewhere at any time... (rule 3.09)
- Coaches are encouraged to discourage "horseplay"
- No on deck batters are allowed in the Majors and below... (rule 1.08)



## **Consider the following facts:**

- The average lightning stroke is 6-8 miles long.
- The average thunderstorm is 6-10 miles wide and travels about 25 miles an hour.
- On the average, thunder can only be heard over 3-4 miles, depending on humidity, terrain, and other factors. This means that by the time you hear the thunder, you are already in the risk area for lighting strikes.

**Rule of Thumb:** The ultimate truth about lighting is that it is unpredictable and cannot be prevented. Therefore, a manager or coach who feels threatened should contact the head umpire and recommend stopping play and clearing the field. In our league the umpire makes the decision as to whether play is stopped. Once play is stopped, take the kids to safety until play resumes or game is called.

<u>Where to Go?</u> No place is safe from lightning threat, but some places are safer than others. Constructed buildings are usually the safest. Most people will find shelter in a fully enclosed metal vehicle with the windows rolled up. If you are stranded in an open area, put your feet together, crouch down and put your hands over your ears to prevent eardrum damage.

<u>Where not to go?</u> Avoid high places and open fields, isolated trees, unprotected gazebos, rain or picnic shelters, dugouts, flagpoles, light poles, bleachers, metal fences and water.

## First Aid for a Lightning Victim:

- Call 911 immediately.
- Typically, the lightning victim has similar symptoms as that of someone having a heart attack. Consider: will moving cause anymore injury. If the victim is in a high-risk area, determine if movement is necessary. Lightning does strike twice in the same place. If you are not at risk, and moving is a viable option, you should move the victim.
- If the victim is not breathing, start mouth to mouth resuscitation. If it is decided to move the victim, give a few quick breaths prior to moving the victim.
- Determine if the victim has a pulse. If no pulse is detected, start cardiac compressions as well.

NOTE: CPR should only be administered by a person knowledgeable and trained in the technique.

Remember: Safety is everyone's job. Prevention is the key to reducing accidents to a minimum. Report all hazardous conditions to the Safety Officer or another Board Member immediately. Do not play on an unsafe field or with unsafe equipment. Check the teams' equipment prior to each use.

# Hydration

### Managers are required to bring water to each practice and game. Players are encouraged to bring bottled water or sports drinks.

### **Tips to Prevent Heat Illness:**

- Know that once you are thirsty you are already dehydrated.
- Drink before you become thirsty.
- Drink plenty of liquids like water, or sports drinks every 15 minutes.
- Water seems to be the preferred beverage. Water has many critical functions in the body that are important for performance they include, carrying oxygen and nutrients to exercising muscles.
- Do not drink beverages with caffeine before practice or games. Caffeine can increase the rate of dehydration.
- Do not exercise vigorously during the hottest time of the day.
- Practice in the morning and during the latter part of the evening.
- Wear light color loose clothes.
- Use sunscreen to prevent sunburn.
- If you begin to feel faint or dizzy stop your activity and cool off by sitting in the shade, air-conditioned car or use a wet rag to cool you off.

### How is it treated?

Emergency medical treatment is necessary. If you think someone has heat stroke, call 911 or a doctor immediately. In the meantime, give first aid as follows:

- Move the person to a shady area.
- Cover the person with a wet sheet and keep the sheet wet for cooling from evaporation.
- Fan the person with paper or an electric fan (preferably not cold air).
- Sponge down the body, especially the head, with cool water.
- Continue giving first aid until the body feels cool to the touch.
- If the person is conscious, let them sip water, fruit juice, or a soft drink.



# Submitting Player, Manager and Coach Data

### **Requirement 14:**

Player, Manager, and Coach information will be submitted through the Little League Data Center at <u>www.littleleague.org</u> by March 1<sup>st</sup>, 2024 or two weeks following the draft.

### **Requirement 15:**

We will answer the survey questions in the Little League Data Center.

# Concussions

All 50 states have laws specific to the management of concussions and head injuries. Some states require not just leagues but DA's, ADA's, and umpires to undergo annual training.

- Some states may affect only school-based activities, but many also address any group using school facilities or grounds for athletic purposes.
- Little League has developed a concussion overview page for each state that will be similar to the Child Abuse page.
- The CDC (Centers for Disease Control and Prevention) website is a great tool for leagues to encourage their managers/coaches, parents, and players to review concussion information www.cdc.gov/concussion/HeadsUp/youth.html Concussions
- DA's must also be aware of their state's respective laws, especially during any Special Games events or International Tournament games being hosted by the District.
- Failure to adhere to these laws could expose the District and/or host to unwanted liability and penalties Some states require that the participant and a parent/guardian must sign and acknowledge that they understand the risks of concussions before they can participate
- The majority of states also require immediate removal from competition if a person has sustained a concussion and that they cannot return until being released in writing by a medical professional.

is sheet has information to help protect your children on ncussion or other serious brain injury. Use this informat		symptoms do not go away or if they get worse after they i	econtro oren regular activites.
r teens' games and practices to learn how to spot a con to if a concussion occurs.		What Are Some More Serious Danger Signs to Look Out For?	What Should I Do If My Child or Teen Has a Possible Concussion?
What Is a Concussion?	Plan ahead. What do you want your	In rare cases, a dangerous collection of blood (hernatoma) may form on the brain after a burne, blow, or joit to the head or body and are reweater the herner any test the herd of C 1 b at body.	As a parent, if you think your child or teen may have a concussion, you should:
concussion is a type of traumatic brain injury—or TBI—caused w a burnp, blow, or joit to the head or by a hit to the body that	Child or teen to know about concussion?	and can squeeze the brain against the skull. Call 9-1-1 or take your child or teen to the emergency department right away If,	<ol> <li>Remove your child or teen from play.</li> </ol>
auses the head and brain to move quickly back and forth. This		after a bump, blow, or joit to the head or body, he or she has one or more of these danger signs:	<ol><li>Keep your child or teen out of play the day of the injury. Your child or teen should be seen by a health care provider</li></ol>
ast movement can cause the brain to bounce around or twist in he skull, creating chemical changes in the brain and sometimes		One pupil larger than the other.	and only return to play with permission from a health care
tretching and damaging the brain cells.	How Can I Spot a Possible Concussion?	<ul> <li>Drowsiness or inability to wake up.</li> </ul>	provider who is experienced in evaluating for concussion.
	Children and teens who show or report one or more of the signs	<ul> <li>A headache that gets worse and does not go away.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Ask your child's or teen's health care provider for written instructions on helping your child or teen return to school.</li> </ol>
How Can I Help Keep My Children or Feens Safe?	and symptoms listed below—or simply say they just "don't feel right" after a bump, blow, or joit to the head or body—may have a concussion or other serious brain intury.	<ul> <li>Siurred speech, weakness, numbness, or decreased coordination.</li> </ul>	You can give the instructions to your child's or teen's school nurse and teacher(s) and return-to-play instructions to the coach and/or athletic trainer.
ports are a great way for children and teens to stay healthy and	Signs Observed by Parents or Coaches	<ul> <li>Repeated vomiting or nausea, convulsions or setzures (shaking or twitching).</li> </ul>	Do not try to judge the severity of the injury yourself. Only a
an help them do well in school. To help lower your children's or teens' chances of getting a concussion or other serious brain	<ul> <li>Appears dazed or stunned.</li> </ul>	Unusual behavior, increased confusion, restlessness,	health care provider should assess a child or teen for a possible
nuers chances or getting a concession or other serious prain	<ul> <li>Forgets an Instruction, is confused about an assignment or</li> </ul>	or agitation.	concussion. Concussion signs and symptoms often show up soon after the injury. But you may not know how serious the concussion
<ul> <li>Help create a culture of safety for the team.</li> </ul>	position, or is unsure of the game, score, or opponent.	<ul> <li>Loss of consciousness (passed out/knocked out). Even a</li> </ul>	is at first, and some symptoms may not show up for hours or days.
. Work with their coach to teach ways to lower the chances	<ul> <li>Moves clumsity.</li> </ul>	brief loss of consciousness should be taken seriously.	The brain needs time to heal after a concussion. A child's or teen's
of getting a concussion.	Answers questions slowly.     Loses consciousness leven briefly!	Children and teens who continue to play while	return to school and sports should be a gradual process that is carefully managed and monitored by a health care provider.
<ul> <li>Talk with your children or teens about concussion and ask if they have concerns about reporting a concussion.</li> </ul>	Loses consciousness even onerge.     Shows mood, behavior, or personality changes.	having concussion symptoms or who return to	
Talk with them about their concerns; emphasize the	Can't recall events prior to or after a hit or fall.	play too soon-while the brain is still healing-	To learn more, go to
Importance of reporting concussions and taking time to recover from one.	Symptoms Reported by Children and Teens	have a greater chance of getting another	www.cdc.gov/HEADSUP
Ensure that they follow their coach's rules for safety and	Headache or "pressure" in head.	concussion. A repeat concussion that occurs while	67 - <b>2</b> / d
the rules of the sport.	Nausea or vomiting.	the brain is still healing from the first injury can	You can also download the CDC HEADS UP app to get concussion information at your
<ul> <li>Tell your children or teens that you expect them to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Balance problems or dizzness, or double or blumy vision.</li> </ul>	be very serious and can affect a child or teen for a lifetime. It can even be fatal.	fingertips. Just scan the QR code pictured
<ul> <li>practice good sportsmanship at all times.</li> <li>When appropriate for the sport or activity, teach your</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Bothered by light or noise.</li> </ul>		at left with your smartphone.
<ul> <li>when appropriate for the sport or activity, teach your children or teens that they must wear a helmet to lower the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy.</li> </ul>	Revised \$72015	
chances of the most serious types of brain or head injury.	<ul> <li>Confusion, or concentration or memory problems.</li> </ul>	Discuss the risks of concussion and other serious brain inju	ry with your child or teen and have each person sign below.
However, there is no "concussion-proof" heimet. So, even with a heimet, it is important for children and teens to avoid hits to the head.	<ul> <li>Just not "fealing right," or "fealing down."</li> </ul>	Detach the section below and keep this information sheet to use a them from concussion or other serious brain injury.	st your children's or teens' games and practices to help protect
Falk with your children and teens about co		<ul> <li>I learned about concussion and talked with my parent or coardinate in the second second</li></ul>	ch about what to do if I have a concussion or other serious
		brain injury. Athlete Name Printed:	Date
symptoms to you and their coach right away. Some childre that if they report a concussion they will lose their position		Athlete Name Printed: Athlete Signature:	Date
t's better to miss one game than the whole season.	on the stant of rook weak, be sare to remind them that		hild or teen and talked about what to do if they have a concussion
sector to may one game mail the write sector.	Sector for Sinner	<ul> <li>I have read this fact sheet for parents on concussion with my cl or other serious brain injury.</li> </ul>	nild or teen and talked about what to do if they have a concussion
	COC Contraction		Date
To learn more, go to www.cdc.gov/HEA	DSUP Prevention and Canton	Parent or Legal Guardian Signature:	

# **East Fullerton** Little League Concussion Prevention, Treatment and Management Policy

The Legislature enacted a law which requires youth sports organizations to adopt a policy concerning the prevention and treatment of injuries to the head which may occur during a youth's participation in competitive sports, including, without limitation, a concussion of the brain.

A concussion is a brain injury that results from a bump, blow or jolt to the head or body which causes the brain to move rapidly in the skull and which disrupts normal brain function. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention of the United States Department of Health and Human Services estimates that as many as 3.8 million concussions occur each year in the United States which are related to participation in sports and other recreational activities. Athletes who continue to participate in an athletic activity while suffering from a concussion or suffering from the symptoms of an injury to the head are at greater risk for catastrophic injury to the brain or even death. Ensuring that a Little League player who sustains or is suspected of sustaining a concussion or other injury to the head receives appropriate medical care before returning to baseball activity will significantly reduce the child's risk of sustaining greater injury in the future.

THEREFORE, **East Fullerton Little League** hereby adopts the following policy for purposes of prevention, treatment, and management of injuries to the head that may occur during a player's participation in the Little League program, including, without limitation, a concussion of the brain:

1. Prior to a team's first practice each season, every manager, coach, and adult assistant shall:

a) Familiarize themselves with the CDC publication "Heads Up – Concussion in Youth Sports – A Fact Sheet for Coaches". This publication will be provided to all such individuals by the League Safety Officer or other Board members; and,

**b)** Complete the CDC on-line training course at:

https://www.train.org/cdctrain/course/1089818/

A copy of the Certificate of Completion for each of the above individuals shall be submitted to the League Safety Officer.

**2.** If a Little League player sustains, or is suspected of sustaining, an injury to the head while participating in any Little League game or even the player must:

a. Be immediately removed from the game or event; and

**b.** May only return to Little League activity if the parent or legal guardian of the player provides a signed statement from a provider of health care indicating that the youth is medically cleared for Little League participation and the date on which the player may return to participation.

**3.** The Little League player and his or her parent or legal guardian must sign the statement below acknowledging that they have read and understand the terms and conditions of the policy and agree to be bound by the policy.

### East Fullerton Little League Concussion Prevention, Management and Treatment Policy Player and Parental Acknowledgement

We, the undersigned, acknowledge that we have been provided with a copy of the East Fullerton Little League Concussion Prevention, Management and Treatment Policy, and that we have read and understand the policy, or it has been read to us and we understand the same. We hereby agree to follow all procedures set forth in said Policy at all times during which our son or daughter participates in Little League activities and events.

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_\_

Player

Dated:

Parent/Legal Guardian

Parent/Legal Guardian

LEAGUE USE: Division: \_\_\_\_\_ Team: \_\_\_\_\_

# Safe Sports Act

- "Protecting Young Victims from Sexual Abuse and SafeSport Authorization Act of 2017" became federal law in 2018
- The goal of SafeSport is to protect children from abusive situations by engaging more people in the reporting and education processes
- A volunteer now can be held legally responsible if they have firsthand knowledge and fail to report any type of Child Abuse to the correct parties
- SafeSport covers all types of Child Abuse both physical and psychological
- SafeSport prompted USA Baseball to create Pure Baseball

# **USA Baseball Pure Baseball Initiative**

- Little League International and all local little league programs must adhere to the following requirements from the SafeSport Act:
- Reporting of Abuse involving a minor to the proper authorities
- All volunteers of a local league are now mandated reporters and could face criminal charges if the league chooses to ignore, or not report to the proper authorities, any witnessed act of child abuse, including sexual abuse, within 24 hours.
- Local leagues must be aware of the proper procedures to report any type of abuse in their state. Please reference <u>www.LittleLeague.org/ChildAbuse</u>
- Leagues must adopt a policy that prohibits retaliation for "good faith" reports of child abuse.
- Leagues must adopt a policy that limits one-one contact with minors.
- Leagues are highly encouraged to complete the Abuse Awareness training provided by USA Baseball and/or SafeSport.

https://www.littleleague.org/player-safety/child-protection-program/safesport-resources-parents/

https://www.usabdevelops.com/ItemDetail?iProductCode=OCAAA&Category=ONLINE&Webs iteKey=f50aacb2-a59e-4e43-8f67-29f48a308a9e





# ACCIDENT NOTIFICATION FORM

Send Completed Form To: Little League, International 539 US Route 15 Hwy, PO Box 3485 Williamsport PA 17701-0485 Accident Claim Contact Numbers: Phone: 570-327-1874

Accident & Health (U.S.)

- This form must be completed by parents (if claimant is under 19 years of age) and a league official and forwarded to Little League Headquarters within 20 days after the accident. A photocopy of this form should be made and kept by the claimant/parent. Initial medical/ dental treatment must be rendered within 30 days of the Little League accident.
- Itemized bills including description of service, date of service, procedure and diagnosis codes for medical services/supplies and/or other documentation related to claim for benefits are to be provided within 90 days after the accident date. In no event shall such proof be furnished later than 12 months from the date the medical expense was incurred.
- 3. When other insurance is present, parents or claimant must forward copies of the Explanation of Benefits or Notice/Letter of Denial for each charge directly to Little League Headquarters, even if the charges do not exceed the deductible of the primary insurance program.
- Policy provides benefits for eligible medical expenses incurred within 52 weeks of the accident, subject to Excess Coverage and Exclusion provisions of the plan.
- Limited deferred medicalidental benefits may be available for necessary treatment incurred after 52 weeks. Refer to insurance brochure provided to the league president, or contact Little League Headquarters within the year of injury.
- 6. Accident Claim Form must be fully completed including Social Security Number (SSN) for processing.

League Name					League I.D.		
		PARTI					
Name of Injured Person/Claimant		SSN	Date of Birth (	MM/DD(YY)	Age Se	6X	
					1	🗆 Female 🛛 🖾	Male
Name of Parent/Guardian, if Claim	ant is a Minor		Home Phone	(Inc. Area Code)	Bus. Phone	(Inc. Area Cod	•)
			()		( )		
Address of Claimant		Ad	dress of Parent/G	uardian, if differe			
The Little League Master Accident per injury. "Other insurance progra employer for employees and family	ms" include family's p	personal insurance	, student insuran	ce through a sch	col or insurar	nce through an	
Does the insured Person/Parent/G			Employer Plan Individual Plan	DYes DNo DYes DNo	School Pla Dental Pla		⊟No ⊡No
Date of Accident	Time of Accident	Type of Injury					
	CAM C	3PM					
Describe exactly how accident hap	pened, including pla	ving position at th	e time of accident				
Check all applicable responses in	each column:						
BASEBALL D CH		D PLAYER	6	TRYOUTS		SPECIAL EVER	NT
SOFTBALL D T-B.	ALL (4-7)	MANAGER,				NOT GAMES) SPECIAL GAM	E.O.
CHALLENGER IMIN		U VOLUNTEE		SCHEDULED		Submit a copy	
	and the second sec	D PLAYER AG	ENT E	a a shariba badaa a baga		our approval fi	
	NIEIATE (50/70) (13-13) IOR (12-14)	D SAFETY OF		1 TOURNAMEN	-	ittle League	
	IOR (12-14) IOR (13-16)	D VOLUNTEER		1 OTHER (Des		ncorporated)	
L SEA	eon (12-10)	an excore tees	CONSTRAINTS IN	<ul> <li>A mere frage</li> </ul>	a nati y		
I hereby certify that I have read the	dependent to off moster	of this form and t	the heat of much	neededay and by	ind the infere	nation engine	ut in
complete and correct as herein oiv			a war blat or my k	coverage and be	Net the inform		

I understand that it is a crime for any person to intentionally attempt to defraud or knowingly facilitate a fraud against an insurer by autmitting an application or filing a claim containing a false or deceptive statement(s). See Remarks section on reverse side of form. I hereby authorize any physician, hospital or other medically related facility, insurance company or other organization, institution or person that has any records or knowledge of me, and/or the above named claimant, or our health, to disclose, whenever requested to do so by Little League and/or National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh, Pa. A photostatic copy of this authorization shall be considered as effective and valid as the original.

Date	Claimant/Parent/Guardian Signature (In a two parent household, both parents must sign this form.)
Date	Claimant/Parent/Guardian Signature

#### For Residents of California:

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

#### For Residents of New York:

Any person who knowingly and with the intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of chaim containing any materially false information, or conceases for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and shall also be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars and the stated value of the claim for each such violation.

#### For Residents of Pennsylvania:

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

#### For Residents of All Other States:

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

PART 2 - LEAGUE STATEMENT (Other than Parent or Claimant)					
Neme of League	I Name of Injured I		League I.D. Number		
Name of League Official			Position in League		
Address of League Official			Telephone Numbers (Inc. Area Codes)		
			Residence: ( )		
			Business: ( )		
			rac ()		
Were you a witness to the acc			-		
Provide names and addresses	of any known witnesses to the report	ed accident.			
Check the boxes for all approx	viate items below. At least one item in	each column must be sei	ected.		
<b>POSITION WHEN INJURED</b>	INJURY	PART OF BODY	CAUSE OF INJURY		
01 1ST	I 01 ABRASION	O1 ABDOMEN	D 01 BATTED BALL		
02 2ND     03 3RD	D 02 BITES D 03 CONCUSSION	02 ANKLE	D 02 BATTING D 03 CATCHING		
II 04 BATTER	D 04 CONTUSION	D 04 BACK	D 04 COLUDING		
D 05 BENCH	D 05 DENTAL	D 05 CHEST	D 05 COLLIDING WITH FENCE		
06 BULLPEN	D 06 DISLOCATION	06 EAR	D 06 FALLING		
D 07 CATCHER	O7 DISMEMBERMENT	D 07 ELBOW	O7 HIT BY BAT		
08 COACH     09 COACHING BOX	08 EPIPHYSES     09 FATALITY	08 EYE	08 HORSEPLAY     09 PITCHED BALL		
D 10 DUGOUT	D 10 FRACTURE	D 10 FATALITY	D 10 RUNNING		
11 MANAGER	11 HEMATOMA	II 11 FOOT	11 SHARP OBJECT		
12 ON DECK	12 HEMORRHAGE	E 12 HAND	II 12 SLIDING		
13 OUTFIELD     14 PITCHER	13 LACERATION     14 PUNCTURE	13 HEAD 14 HIP	II 13 TAGGING		
D 15 RUNNER	D 15 RUPTURE	D 15 KNEE	D 15 THROWN BALL		
16 SCOREKEEPER	16 SPRAIN	16 LEG	D 16 OTHER		
17 SHORTSTOP 18 TO/FROM GAME	I 17 SUNSTROKE I 18 OTHER	17 LIPS 18 MOUTH	I 17 UNKNOWN		
II 18 TOPROM GAME	D 19 UNKNOWN	18 MOUTH			
20 OTHER	D 20 PARALYSIS/	D 20 NOSE			
21 UNKNOWN	PARAPLEGIC	21 SHOULDER			
22 WARMING UP		D 22 SIDE D 23 TEETH			
		D 23 TEETH			
		D 25 WRIST			
		28 UNKNOWN			
		27 FINGER			
Does your learne use hotion	heimets with attached face quards?	EYES ENO			

If YES, are they EMandatory or EOptional At what levels are they used?

Thereby certify that the above named claimant was injured while covered by the Little League Baseball Accident Insurance Policy at the time of the reported accident. I also certify that the information contained in the Claimant's Notification is true and correct as stated, to the best of my knowledge.
Date League Official Signature

League on