

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Mission Statement/Sportsmanship ..... 3
2nd Grade Rules ..... 4
3rd Grade Rules ..... 7
4th Grade Rules ..... 10
5th/6th Grade Rules ..... 13
7th/8th Grade Rules ..... 16
Other Items \& Addititional Rule Clarifications ..... 19



## OUR MISSIOX

Our mission is to build a multi-community recreational basketball league whose primary purpose is to foster a fun environment for kids to develop their skills while increasing the participation levels for youth basketball. This translates into the following guiding principles:

1. We will provide a fun environment for our youth to play basketball with their peers.
2. We will create a positive, safe environment for basketball skill and character development.
3. We will foster good sportsmanship and a love of the sport
4. We will strive for competitive balance and fun, no stacked "all-star" teams.
5. We will place an emphasis on skill development at the second and third grade level.
6. We will foster a parent community that strives to model good sportsmanship and a positive learning environment for the players on their teams.

## SPORASHMASICP (Players, Coaches and Parents)

- Players, coaches, and spectators should always exhibit the highest levels of sportsmanship. Violation of this rule can result in team penalties, game forfeits, and suspensions from the league. Communication with and by officials, should be in a calm, professional manner.
- All parents and players will sign and FOLLOW a code of conduct.
- All coaches are responsible for the conduct of their players and parents.
- The league will not condone violence on the court. Any player that intentionally hits, punches, or injures a player will face disciplinary action from the NTCB Executive Committee.
- After the game coaches and players should shake hands with the opposing team. If this sportsmanship is not followed, consequences will come from the NTCB Executive Committee.



## SPORISNANSHITP (Players, Coaches and Parents)

- Harassment of the referees by any coach, player or parent will not be permitted. Refs are encouraged to issue a warning to the coach when player, coach or spectator are starting to cross the line. Coaches are responsible for talking to that person about their behavior. The referee may pause the game to resolve these conflicts as needed. If the behavior continues, the referee should use the following steps to resolve the situation:

Step 1: Warn the offender. The referee will advise the coach to warn his/her player, parents, or spectators of unacceptable behavior. The referee must identify the unacceptable behavior and allow time for the coach to resolve the situation.

Step 2: If it continues, the referee should assess a bench technical and final warning. In this situation, 2 points are awarded to the non-offending team and play resumes.

Step 3: The referee will ask the offender to leave the premises or declare the game a victory by forfeit. The referee has the discretion to make the final decision in this situation.

- Any sportsmanship infractions should be reported to the NTCB Executive Committee for further evaluation and potential additional punishment as needed.


## 2nd Grade Rules

The focus for our second graders is on player development. For this reason, we set up second grade to take the emphasis off winning and place it on learning how to play in a game setting.

Our second graders will be playing 4-on-4 for a twelve-game schedule with no end-of-season tournament. There will be no officials and coaches from each team will manage the game.

Score will not be kept and there will be no records tracked. After the final game all players will receive participation awards for the season.

## SECTION 1: REFEREES AND VIOLATIONS

For the 2nd grade league, coaches are empowered by the NTCB League to interpret and enforce the rules. They are the final authority at the game. If spectators, coaches, or players are not following the sportsmanship policies on page 1 , can result in penalties assessed to the team of that parent, coach, or player.

## SECTION 2: PLAYING TIME

Our philosophy is to ensure as close to equal playing time as possible. Coaches must follow these playing time guidelines. Variations can occur with injuries and illness.

- No player may sit twice until the entire team has sat once.
- The coaches are responsible for monitoring playing time.
- Substitution due to an injury will be approved.
- A player injured prior to halfway through the period and not returning in that period, will not be counted as playing an unbroken period. The period will be assigned to the substitute player entering the game.
- All players should have an opportunity to bring the ball down the court for one period during the games as our second-grade program is about development. No player should bring the ball down for a second period until every player has had a period as point guard.


## 2nd Grade Rules (continued...)

SECTION 2: PLAYING TIME (continued...)

| \# of Players | Playing time |
| :---: | :--- |
| 8 | 8 players play 4 periods |
| 7 | 4 players play 5 periods, 3 players play 4 periods |
| 6 | 2 players play 6 periods, 4 players play 5 periods |
| 5 | 2 players play 7 periods, 3 players play 6 periods |
| 4 | 4 players play 8 periods |

## SECTION 3: PERIODS OF PLAY AND STOPPAGES

Each game will consist of eight (8) four (4) minute running time periods. There will be a one (1) minute break between periods for coaches to rotate players and help kids with matchups. At half time, after the fourth period is complete, there will be a five (5) minute halftime break.

Timeouts: Each team is permitted two (2) thirty-second timeouts for EACH half. Timeouts may NOT be carried over from one half to another. Substitutions cannot be made during timeouts unless there is an injury.

Extra Periods: There is no overtime period for $2^{\text {nd }}$ grade basketball as score will not be kept.
Stopping The clock only stops for injuries and timeouts and only when the coach dictates. The clock also stops the Clock: for all whistles in the last 2 minutes of the game.

## SECTION 4: GAMEPLAY

Teams will play in a 4-on-4 format to allow for more spacing and easier passing and shooting. The hoop will be set at 8 feet and the girls will use a 27.5 " basketball.

Starting the Game: Each game will begin with a jump ball. Teams will alternate ball possession in every other jump ball situation or change of period. The coaches will keep track of ball possession.

Scoring: Score will not be kept in 2nd grade.

Lane Violations:
Isolation Offense:

There are no lane violations in second grade
A team may not run isolation plays for one or two players. Isolation offense is defined by a play that gives a particular player the space to play one-on-one with an inferior defender, while preventing the remaining defenders from joining the play. An example of this would be a team who runs a ball screen for their best player repeatedly until that player gets a shot. Another example would be a team that puts all its players in a corner while their best player dribbles 1on1 until they can get a shot.

## SECTION 5: FOULS

Personal Fouls: A personal foul can be committed by an offensive player (i.e., charging or moving screen) or a defensive player (i.e., hitting the shooters arm while shooting) and are called at the discretion of the coach.

Fouling Out: Individual fouls will not be tracked.
Free Throws: There will be no free throws in second grade.
Fouls: $\quad$ All fouls will result in the offended team gaining or maintaining possession of the ball and inbounding at the correct throw-in spot.

## SECTION 6: DEFENSE

Players are required to play person-to-person defense. This means each player is responsible for guarding and moving with one offensive player. This requires the defensive player to move according to the offensive player's movements with or without the ball. Players can switch who they are defending with another defender during a screen or any other situation as long as they continue to only guard one person. If a coach is unsure if a player knows who they are guarding or believes a team is playing zone defense they are allowed to ask a player who they are guarding.

## Half-court Defense Only

Once the defensive team gets a rebound. The other team must fall back beyond the mid-court line and wait for the offense to bring the ball down. There will be NO pressing or full-court tactics.

## Trapping and Double Teaming

There is NO double teaming or trapping in second grade. If a team is called for double teaming or trapping the offended team will maintain possession of the ball and in-bounding at the correct throw-in spot.

## Stealing

There is no stealing from a player who is holding or dribbling the ball in second grade basketball. A player may intercept a pass (in the front court) though if there is an opportunity.

## Backcourt timeline

The team has 10 seconds to get the ball past midcourt. Defense must fall back after a rebound by the defense.

## 5-Seconds Closely Guarded

There are no 5 -second closely guarded calls.

The focus for our third graders is still on player development but the emphasis begins to shift toward winning. Our third graders will be playing 5 -on-5 for a twelve-game schedule with a single elimination end-of-season tournament. The games will run like normal games with two referees who will help to coach the players throughout the game.

Scores will be tracked and logged in the NTCB league website. Team records will be used to seed a single elimination tournament at the end of the season.

## SECTION 1: REFEREES AND VIOLATIONS

The referees are empowered by the NTCB League to interpret and enforce the rules. They are the final authority at the game. If spectators, coaches, or players are not following the sportsmanship policies on page 1 , can result in penalties assessed to the team of that parent, coach, or player.

## SECTION 2: PLAYING TIME

Our philosophy is to ensure as close to equal playing time as possible. Coaches must follow these playing time guidelines. Variations can occur with injuries and illness.

- No player may sit twice until the entire team has sat once
- The coaches are responsible for monitoring playing time and reporting any violations to the referee.
- Substitution due to an injury will be approved by the referee.
- A player injured prior to halfway through the period and not returning in that period, will not be counted as playing an unbroken period. The period will be assigned to the substitute player entering the game.
- Penalty for an improper substitution will be a 2-point bench technical, plus the ball.
- Coach can play any players in an overtime period.

| \# of Players | Playing time |
| :---: | :--- |
| 10 | 10 players play 4 periods |
| 9 | 4 players play 5 periods, 5 players play 4 periods |
| 8 | 8 players play 5 periods |
| 7 | 5 players play 6 periods, 2 players play 5 periods |
| 6 | 4 players play 7 periods, 2 players play 6 periods |
| 5 | 5 players play 8 periods |

## SECTION 3: PERIODS OF PLAY AND STOPPAGES

Each game will consist of eight (8) four (4) minute running time periods. There will be a one (1) minute break between periods for coaches to rotate players and help kids with matchups. At half time, after the fourth period is complete, there will be a five (5) minute halftime break. If the referee determines a coach isn't getting their players going fast enough, they will announce that the ball is in play and start the clock.

## SECTION 3: PERIODS OF PLAY AND STOPPAGES (continued...)

Timeouts: Each team is permitted two (2) thirty-second timeouts for EACH half. Timeouts may NOT be carried over from one half to another. Substitutions cannot be made during timeouts unless there is an injury.

Timeouts called in the backcourt with less than 30 seconds left in a period will not restart the 10 second count .

Extra Periods:
In the event of a tie after eight periods, there will be one two-minute overtime period. If the game is still tied, it moves to a sudden-death scenario where the next basket by either team wins the game. The extra period and sudden death will start with a jump ball.

Stopping the Clock: for all whistles in the last 2 minutes of the game, unless one team is up by $20+$ points.

## SECTION 4: GAMEPLAY

Teams will play in a 5 -on- 5 format from $3^{\text {rd }}$ grade on. The hoop will be set at 9 feet and the players will use a $27.5^{\prime \prime}$ basketball.

Starting the Game: Each game will begin with a jump ball. Teams will alternate ball possession in every other jump ball situation or change of period. The referees will keep track of ball possession.

Scoring: All baskets are worth two points, there are no free throws or three pointers in third grade.

Lane Violations:
There are no lane violations in third grade
Isolation Offense: A team may not run isolation plays for one or two players. Isolation offense is defined by a play that gives a particular player the space to play one-on-one with an inferior defender, while preventing the remaining defenders from joining the play. An example of this would be a team who runs a ball screen for their best player repeatedly until that player gets a shot. Another example would be a team that puts all its players in a corner while their best player dribbles 1on1 until they can get a shot.

Any team that in the judgment of the referee puts any player intentionally out of play is subject to a technical foul. There will be one warning given to each team.

## SECTION 5: FOULS

Personal Fouls: A personal foul can be committed by an offensive player (i.e., charging or moving screen) or a defensive player (i.e., hitting the shooters arm while shooting) and are called at the discretion of the referee.

Fouling Out: $\quad$ Players with 5 personal fouls must leave the game.
Bonus: Once a team gets 7 fouls or more, every foul is worth one point to the opposing team.
Free Throws: There are no free throws in third grade.
Shooting Fouls: Shooting fouls are worth one point. If the offensive team makes the basket, the basket is worth three and the defensive team gets the ball. If they miss the basket, the offensive team gets one point and retain possession of the ball. *Rule will be adjusted for overtime during playoffs*

## 3rd Grade Rules (continued...)

## SECTION 6: DEFENSE

Players are required to play person-to-person defense. This means each player is responsible for guarding and moving with one offensive player. This requires the defensive player to move according to the offensive player's movements with or without the ball. Players can switch who they are defending with another defender during a screen or any other situation as long as they continue to only guard one person. If a referee is unsure if a player knows who they are guarding or believes a team is playing zone defense they are allowed to ask a player who they are guarding.

## Half-court Defense Only

Once the defensive team gets a rebound. The other team must fall back beyond the mid-court line and wait for the offense to bring the ball down. There will be NO pressing or full-court tactics.

## Trapping and Double Teaming

Trapping or double teaming is ONLY allowed in the lane. Anywhere else on the court, there is NO double teaming in third grade. The first violation for "illegal defense" is a verbal warning. The second and subsequent offenses CAN result in the offended team receiving two points and the ball out of bounds. This is at the discretion of the referee.

## Stealing

There will be no stealing for first 6 games, but the ball can be tied up in the lane only. For the final 6 games, plus the tournament, stealing is allowed in the frontcourt only. If a team is up by 10 points than no stealing from the ballhandler is allowed. Stealing a pass is always allowed in the frontcourt.

## Backcourt timeline

The team has 10 seconds to get the ball past midcourt. Defense must fall back after a rebound by the defense.

## 5-Seconds Closely Guarded

There are no 5 -second closely guarded calls.


We want to build a competitive, yet fun environment where our fourth graders can learn and grow in the sport. They will be playing 5-on-5 for a twelve-game schedule. All games will have two referees who will help to coach the players throughout the game.

Scores will be tracked and logged in the NTCB league website. Team records will be used to seed a single elimination tournament at the end of the season.

## SECTION 1: REFEREES AND VIOLATIONS

The referees are empowered by the NTCB League to interpret and enforce the rules. They are the final authority at the game. If spectators, coaches, or players are not following the sportsmanship policies on page 1 , can result in penalties assessed to the team of that parent, coach, or player.

## SECTION 2: PLAYING TIME

Our philosophy is to ensure as close to equal playing time as possible. Coaches must follow these playing time guidelines. Variations can occur with injuries and illness.

- No player may sit twice until the entire team has sat once
- The coaches are responsible for monitoring playing time and reporting any violations to the referee.
- Substitution due to an injury will be approved by the referee.
- A player injured prior to halfway through the period and not returning in that period, will not be counted as playing an unbroken period. The period will be assigned to the substitute player entering the game.
- Penalty for an improper substitution will be a 2-point bench technical, plus the ball.
- Coach can play any players in an overtime period.

| \# of Players | Playing time |
| :---: | :--- |
| 10 | 10 players play 4 periods |
| 9 | 4 players play 5 periods, 5 players play 4 periods |
| 8 | 8 players play 5 periods |
| 7 | 5 players play 6 periods, 2 players play 5 periods |
| 6 | 4 players play 7 periods, 2 players play 6 periods |
| 5 | 5 players play 8 periods |

## SECTION 3: PERIODS OF PLAY AND STOPPAGES

Each game will consist of eight (8) five (5) minute running time periods. There will be a 30 second break between periods for coaches to rotate players and help kids with matchups. At half time, after the fourth period is complete, there will be a two (2) minute halftime break. If the referee determines a coach isn't getting their players going fast enough, they will announce that the ball is in play and start the clock.

Timeouts: Each team is permitted two (2) thirty-second timeouts for EACH half. Timeouts may NOT be carried over from one half to another. Substitutions cannot be made during timeouts unless there is an injury.

## SECTION 3: PERIODS OF PLAY AND STOPPAGES (continued...)

Extra Periods: In the event of a tie after eight periods, there will be one two-minute overtime period. If the game is still tied, it moves to a sudden-death scenario where the next basket by either team wins the game. The extra period and sudden death will start with a jump ball.

Stopping The clock only stops for injuries and timeouts and only when the referee dictates. The clock also stops for the Clock: all whistles in the last 2 minutes of the game, unless one team is up by $20+$ points.

## SECTION 4: GAMEPLAY

Teams will play in a 5-on-5 format in fourth grade. The hoop will be set at 10 feet and the players will use a $27.5^{\prime \prime}$ basketball.

Starting the Game: Each game will begin with a jump ball. Teams will alternate ball possession in every other jump ball situation or change of period. The referees will keep track of ball possession.

Scoring:
Lane Violations:
There are no three pointers in $4^{\text {th }}$ grade, so all regular baskets are worth two points Players in the lane for more than 5-seconds may have lane violation called.

Isolation Offense: A team may not run isolation plays for one or two players. Isolation offense is defined by a play that gives a particular player the space to play one-on-one with an inferior defender, while preventing the remaining defenders from joining the play. An example of this would be a team who runs a ball screen for their best player repeatedly until that player gets a shot. Another example would be a team that puts all its players in a corner while their best player dribbles $10 n 1$ until they can get a shot.

Any team that in the judgment of the referee puts any player intentionally out of play is subject to a technical foul. There will be one warning given to each team.

## SECTION 5: FOULS

Personal Fouls: A personal foul can be committed by an offensive player (i.e., charging or moving screen) or a defensive player (i.e., hitting the shooters arm while shooting) and are called at the discretion of the referee.

Fouling Out: Players with 5 personal fouls must leave the game.
Bonus: Once a team gets 7 fouls or more, the opposing team will be awarded one free throw. When a team gets 10 fouls or more, the opposing team will be awarded two free throws. The score keeper for each team must announce bonus or double bonus.

Free Throws: We introduce the free throw in fourth grade. Players can stand ONE foot in front of the line but cannot jump over. If a player is going to jump forward for their shot, they should start much further behind the line. Must wait until ball hits the rim to rebound a free throw.

## 4th Grade Rules (continued...)

## SECTION 6: DEFENSE

Players are required to play person-to-person defense. This means each player is responsible for guarding and moving with one offensive player. This requires the defensive player to move according to the offensive player's movements with or without the ball. Players can switch who they are defending with another defender during a screen or any other situation as long as they continue to only guard one person. If a referee is unsure if a player knows who they are guarding or believes a team is playing zone defense they are allowed to ask a player who they are guarding.

## Half-court Defense Only

Once the defensive team gets a rebound. The other team must fall back beyond the mid-court line and wait for the offense to bring the ball down. There will be NO pressing or full-court tactics.

## Trapping and Double Teaming

Trapping or double teaming is ONLY allowed in the lane. Anywhere else on the court, there is NO double teaming in fourth grade. The first violation for "illegal defense" is a verbal warning. The second and subsequent offenses CAN result in the offended team receiving two points and the ball out of bounds. This is at the discretion of the referee.

## Stealing

Stealing is allowed anywhere in the front court.

## Backcourt timeline

The team has 10 seconds to get the ball past midcourt. Defense must fall back after a rebound by the defense.

## 5-Seconds Closely Guarded

Only when the offensive player is holding the basketball, not when they are dribbling.


## 5th/6th Grade Rules

We want to build a competitive, yet fun environment where our $5^{\text {th }}$ and $6^{\text {th }}$ graders can learn and grow in the sport. They will be playing 5-on-5 for a twelve-game schedule. All games will have two referees.

Scores will be tracked and logged in the NTCB league website. Team records will be used to seed a two-game guarantee tournament at the end of the season.

## SECTION 1: REFEREES AND VIOLATIONS

The referees are empowered by the NCTB League to interpret and enforce the rules. They are the final authority at the game. If spectators, coaches, or players are not following the sportsmanship policies on page 1 , can result in penalties assessed to the team of that parent, coach, or player.

## SECTION 2: PLAYING TIME

Our philosophy is to ensure as close to equal playing time as possible. Coaches must follow these playing time guidelines. Variations can occur with injuries and illness.

- No player may sit twice until the entire team has sat once
- The coaches are responsible for monitoring playing time and reporting any violations to the referee.
- Substitution due to an injury will be approved by the referee.
- A player injured prior to halfway through the period and not returning in that period, will not be counted as playing an unbroken period. The period will be assigned to the substitute player entering the game.
- Penalty for an improper substitution will be a 2-point bench technical, plus the ball.
- Coach can play any players in an overtime period.

| \# of Players | Playing time |
| :--- | :--- |
| 10 | 10 players play 4 periods |
| 9 | 4 players play 5 periods, 5 players play 4 periods |
| 8 | 8 players play 5 periods |
| 7 | 5 players play 6 periods, 2 players play 5 periods |
| 6 | 4 players play 7 periods, 2 players play 6 periods |
| 5 | 5 players play 8 periods |

## SECTION 3: PERIODS OF PLAY AND STOPPAGES

Each game will consist of eight (8) five (5) minute running time periods. There will be a 30 second break between periods for coaches to rotate players and help kids with matchups. At half time, after the fourth period is complete, there will be a two (2) minute halftime break. If the referee determines a coach isn't getting their players going fast enough, they will announce that the ball is in play and start the clock.

Timeouts: Each team is permitted two (2) thirty-second timeouts for EACH half. Timeouts may NOT be carried over from one half to another. Substitutions cannot be made during timeouts unless there is an injury.

## 5th/6th Grade Rules (continued...)

## SECTION 3: PERIODS OF PLAY AND STOPPAGES (continued...)

Extra Periods: In the event of a tie after eight periods, there will be one two-minute overtime period. If the game is still tied, it moves to a sudden-death scenario where the next basket by either team wins the game. The extra period and sudden death will start with a jump ball.

Stopping The clock only stops for injuries and timeouts and only when the referee dictates. The clock also stops the Clock:

## SECTION 4: GAMEPLAY

Teams will play in a 5 -on- 5 format at this level. The hoop will be set at 10 feet and the players will use a $28.5^{\prime \prime}$ basketball.
Starting the Game: Each game will begin with a jump ball. Teams will alternate ball possession in every other jump ball situation or change of period. The referees will keep track of ball possession.

Scoring:

Lane Violations:
Players in the lane for more than 5-seconds may have lane violation called.
Isolation Offense:
A team may not run isolation plays for one or two players. Isolation offense is defined by a play that gives a particular player the space to play one-on-one with an inferior defender, while preventing the remaining defenders from joining the play. An example of this would be a team who runs a ball screen for their best player repeatedly until that player gets a shot. Another example would be a team that puts all its players in a corner while their best player dribbles 1-on-1 until they can get a shot.

Any team that in the judgment of the referee puts any player intentionally out of play is subject to a technical foul. There will be one warning given to each team.

## SECTION 5: FOULS

Personal Fouls: A personal foul can be committed by an offensive player (i.e., charging or moving screen) or a defensive player (i.e., hitting the shooters arm while shooting) and are called at the discretion of the referee.

Fouling Out: Players with 5 personal fouls must leave the game.
Bonus: Once a team gets 7 fouls or more, the opposing team will be awarded one free throw. When a team gets 10 fouls or more, the opposing team will be awarded two free throws. The score keeper for each team must announce bonus or double bonus.

Free Throws: Players must stand behind the actual free throw line and cannot jump over it. If a player is going to jump forward for their shot, they should start much further behind the line. Ball can be rebounded upon release from the shooter.

## 5th/6th Grade Rules (continued...)

## SECTION 6: DEFENSE

Players are required to play person-to-person defense. This means each player is responsible for guarding and moving with one offensive player. This requires the defensive player to move according to the offensive player's movements with or without the ball. Players can switch who they are defending with another defender during a screen or any other situation as long as they continue to only guard one person. If a referee is unsure if a player knows who they are guarding or believes a team is playing zone defense they are allowed to ask a player who they are guarding.

## Half-court Defense Only

Once the defensive team gets a rebound. The other team must fall back beyond the mid-court line and wait for the offense to bring the ball down. There will be NO pressing or full-court tactics.

## Trapping and Double Teaming

Trapping or double teaming is ONLY allowed in the lane. Anywhere else on the court, there is NO double teaming in fifth/sixth grade. The first violation for "illegal defense" is a verbal warning. The second and subsequent offenses CAN result in the offended team receiving two points and the ball out of bounds. This is at the discretion of the referee.

## Stealing

Stealing is allowed anywhere in the front court.

## Backcourt timeline

The team has 10 seconds to get the ball past midcourt. Defense must fall back after a rebound by the defense.

## 5-Seconds Closely Guarded

Only when the offensive player is holding the basketball, not when they are dribbling.


## 7th/8th Grade Rules

We want to build a competitive, yet fun environment where our $7^{\text {th }}$ and $8^{\text {th }}$ graders can learn and grow in the sport. They will be playing 5 -on- 5 for a twelve-game schedule. All games will have two referees.

Scores will be tracked and logged in the NTCB league website. Team records will be used to seed a two-game guarantee tournament at the end of the season.

## SECTION 1: REFEREES AND VIOLATIONS

The referees are empowered by the NCTB League to interpret and enforce the rules. They are the final authority at the game. If spectators, coaches, or players are not following the sportsmanship policies on page 1, can result in penalties assessed to the team of that parent, coach, or player.

## SECTION 2: PLAYING TIME

Our philosophy is to ensure as close to equal playing time as possible. Coaches must follow these playing time guidelines. Variations can occur with injuries and illness.

- No player may sit twice until the entire team has sat once
- The coaches are responsible for monitoring playing time and reporting any violations to the referee.
- Substitution due to an injury will be approved by the referee.
- A player injured prior to halfway through the period and not returning in that period, will not be counted as playing an unbroken period. The period will be assigned to the substitute player entering the game.
- Penalty for an improper substitution will be a 2-point bench technical, plus the ball.
- Coach can play any players in an overtime period.

| \# of Players | Playing time |
| :---: | :--- |
| 10 | 10 players play 4 periods |
| 9 | 4 players play 5 periods, 5 players play 4 periods |
| 8 | 8 players play 5 periods |
| 7 | 5 players play 6 periods, 2 players play 5 periods |
| 6 | 4 players play 7 periods, 2 players play 6 periods |
| 5 | 5 players play 8 periods |

## SECTION 3: PERIODS OF PLAY AND STOPPAGES

Each game will consist of eight (8) five (5) minute running time periods. There will be a 30 second break between periods for coaches to rotate players and help kids with matchups. At half time, after the fourth period is complete, there will be a two (2) minute halftime break. If the referee determines a coach isn't getting their players going fast enough, they will announce that the ball is in play and start the clock.

## SECTION 3: PERIODS OF PLAY AND STOPPAGES (continued...)

Timeouts: Each team is permitted two (2) thirty-second timeouts for EACH half. Timeouts may NOT be carried over from one half to another. Substitutions cannot be made during timeouts unless there is an injury.

Extra Periods: In the event of a tie after eight periods, there will be one two-minute overtime period. If the game is still tied, it moves to a sudden-death scenario where the next basket by either team wins the game. The extra period and sudden death will start with a jump ball.

Stopping the Clock: The clock only stops for injuries and timeouts and only when the referee dictates. The clock also stops for all whistles in the last 2 minutes of the game, unless one team is up by $20+$ points.

## SECTION 4: GAMEPLAY

Teams will play in a $5-$ on- 5 format at this level. The hoop will be set at 10 feet and the players will use a 28.5 " basketball.
Starting the Game: Each game will begin with a jump ball. Teams will alternate ball possession in every other jump ball situation or change of period. The referees will keep track of ball possession.

## Scoring:

Lane Violations:
Isolation Offense: If the court does not have a three-point line, all baskets are worth 2 points. Players in the lane for more than 5 -seconds may have lane violation called. A team may not run isolation plays for one or two players. Isolation offense is defined by a play that gives a particular player the space to play one-on-one with an inferior defender, while preventing the remaining defenders from joining the play. An example of this would be a team who runs a ball screen for their best player repeatedly until that player gets a shot. Another example would be a team that puts all its players in a corner while their best player dribbles 1-on-1 until they can get a shot.

Any team that in the judgment of the referee puts any player intentionally out of play is subject to a technical foul. There will be one warning given to each team.

## SECTION 5: FOULS

Personal Fouls: A personal foul can be committed by an offensive player (i.e., charging or moving screen) or a defensive player (i.e., hitting the shooters arm while shooting) and are called at the discretion of the referee.

Fouling Out:
Bonus:

Free Throws:
Players with 5 personal fouls must leave the game.
Once a team gets 7 fouls or more, the opposing team will be awarded one free throw. When a team gets 10 fouls or more, the opposing team will be awarded two free throws. The score keeper for each team must announce bonus or double bonus.

Players must stand behind the free throw line and cannot jump over it. If a player is going to jump forward for their shot, they should start much further behind the line. Ball can be rebounded upon release from the shooter.

## 7th/8th Grade Rules (continued...)

## SECTION 6: DEFENSE

Seventh and eighth grade is where we all legal defenses. Teams can play a full court press unless they are up by 10 or more points, then they must fall back until the lead is less than 10. At this grade we do not require person-to-person defense so a team could double team a player or run a zone defense if they choose.

When a team is up by more than 10 points, there will be no full-court press or trapping allowed until the score drops back under a 10-point lead.

Trapping and Double Teaming: Trapping or double teaming is allowed during the game if the defense is up by less than 10 points.

Stealing: Stealing is allowed anywhere.
Backcourt timeline: The team has 10 seconds to get the ball past midcourt.
5-Seconds Closely Guarded: Only when the offensive player is holding the basketball, not when they are dribbling.


## Other Items Not Covered

- Home Team: The team listed second on the schedule is the home team. The home team will wear dark jerseys.
- Scorekeepers: Each team must provide an adult to sit at the score table to assist with keeping score or running the clock.
- Score Reporting: Coaches MUST report scores after each game in the league approved app so that we can update the standings and build the tournament brackets.
- Player Safety: No gum or jewelry allowed, and eye glass straps must be worn.
- Trash: All water bottles and other trash should be removed from benches by the teams after the completion of their game. Please respect the gyms we use.
- Illegal substances: There is no use of liquor, beer, tobacco, or drugs on school grounds.


## Additional Rule Clarifications

- Rules Not Covered: State high school rules or the best judgement of the official will be followed for anything not covered in these rules
- Forfeits: A team forfeits if they do not have enough players to start a game 5 minutes after game time. A team must start the game with 5 players (4 players in 2nd grade)
- Illegal Players: Any knowledge of teams using illegal players should be brought to the attention of the referee by the head coach of the opposing team. The NTCB board will later review and the team could face disciplinary action from the league.
- Slippery Floors: Allowances will be made for slippery gym floors. Example: not calling a travel if deemed the floor caused the slip. Ref can blow whistle and give offensive team an inbound situation.
- Help Defense: The defensive player must stay on the same side of the court as the offensive player they are guarding, divided by the rim line. Playing "help defense" is legal if the defensive player doesn't cross the rim line (however they are allowed to cross on a switch, see below).


