

## Learn to Train Session Plan

For coaches of U8-11 females and U9-U12 males





# Ontario Soccer Player Development Model: The Station Concept

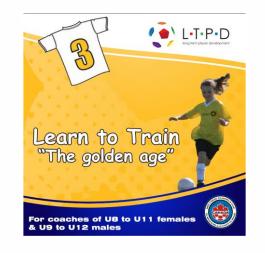


The activities provided illustrate how stations can being used during Grassroots practices.

All sessions take a holistic approach to developing our youth. Each game and activity will focus on 4 main areas of the child's development; these include social/emotional, physical, psychological and technical.

Total practice time 45-70 minutes as per the Recreational and Development Matrix.

Play. Inspire. Unite.



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#### Ontario Soccer Player Development Model How it works



#### Introduction

During the practice players will spend an allotted time at each station having fun, developing specific skills and qualities before moving onto the next station. By using station work we create an environment where players are continually motivated and challenged.

#### Organization

If working with a larger group, organize players into groups of 6 or 8. Each station has a coach who leads that specific station for the session.

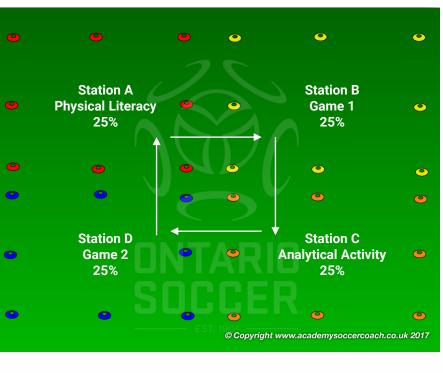
If working with a smaller group, simply move together through all 4 stations until all are complete.

#### Procedure

Players rotate through each activity. Provide a 2 minute break in between each station for water and to allow movement to the next station.

#### Emphasis

In these examples one station focuses on Physical Literacy, two stations on movements with the ball or small sided games and the 4th station is focused around technique with decision making.



Timing	Area
Total Time: 70 mins 4 x 12 minute Stations	30 x 30 m (x4)

Technical	U9	U10	U11	U12	Physical	U9	U10	U11	U12
Dribbling	1	1	1	1	Agility	1	1	1	1
Running with the ball	1	1	1	1	Balance	1	1	1	1
Shooting	1	1	1	1	Coordination	1	1	1	1
Ball Control	2	1	1	1	Stamina	2	2	2	1
Passing	2	1	1	1	Strength	2	2	2	1
Receiving	2	1	1	1	Speed	1	1	1	1
Heading	4	4	4	3	Suppleness	2	2	2	2
Shielding	3	2	2	1	Acceleration	1	1	1	1
Crossing	3	2	2	1	Reaction	1	1	1	1
Finishing	3	2	2		Basic Motor Skills	1	1	1	1
1v1 Defending	3	3	2	1	Perception	1	1	1	1
1v1 Attacking	2	1	1	1	Awareness	1	1	1	1
Socio-Emotional	U9	U10	U11	U12	Psychological	U9	U10	U11	U12
Listening	2	2	1	1	Motivation	1	1	1	1
Co-operation	2	2	1	1	Self Confidence	1	1	1	1
Communication	1	1	1	1	Competitiveness	2	2	1	1
Sharing	2	1	1	1	Concentration	2	2	1	1
Problem-solving	2	2	1	1	Commitment	2	2	2	1
Decision-making	2	2	1	1	Self Control	2	2	1	1
Empathy	3	2	1	1	Determination	2	2	1	1
Patience	3	2	1	1	Tactical	U9	U10	U11	U12
Respect / discipline	2	1	1	1	Playing out from the back	2	2	2	1
Fair play / honesty	2	1	1	1	Attacking Principles	3	3	3	3
<b>.</b>					Possession	2	2	2	2
Priori	ty K	ey			Transition	2	2	2	2
High			1		Counter Attacking	4	4	4	4
Medium 2		Switching Play	4	4	4	3			
		Combination Play	2	2	2	1			
Low 3		Zonal Defending	4	4	4	4			
Not Applicable 4				Pressing	3	2	2	2	
				Retreat	3	3	3	3	
					Recovery	3	3	3	3

Compactness 3 3 3



#### Organization

3v3 in an 8mx8m area. One ball needed with spare balls placed around the outside.

#### Procedure

The player in possession of the ball is charged with making eye contact with a player who will take over the ball from them and continue the process. Add in a ball for another player or two. Use different cues for players to take over the ball, it can be visual, verbal or physical. Add in cues for other actions, for example, a clap suggests a player takes on the ball and dribbles into a second zone. Another example, would be to have a cue initiate a move to receive a pass across the half way line or into the opposing teams half.

#### Emphasis

Creating a safe environment, positive reinforcement, allow decision making, and demonstration of the activity.

#### Progression

Add a second ball into the mix.

### Learn to Train Station A - Physical Literacy



Timing	Area	
12 minutes	16m x 8m (2 halves 8x8m)	



	Obje	ctive				
	To develop spatial awareness					
	Outcomes					
	All Players - will be able to create space to receive the					
	ball Most Players - will be able to receive the ball in space					
	with optimal body orientation					
	<b>Some Players -</b> will be able to receive under pressure with entired body orientation					
	with optimal body orientation					
	Technical / Tactical	Psychological				
	Passing	Competition				
	Receiving	Resilience				
	Turning Scanning	Decision Making				
7						
8	Socio - Emotional	Physical				
		A				
	Problem Solving Verbal Communication	Agility Balance				
	Non-Verbal Communication					
		Speed				

**Top Tip** Use a model group to explain the activity to players. If there are players who may have shorter attention spans in the group, use them in your demonstrations to keep them engaged.

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groups.

Organization

Procedure

game. This is to provide interference for the other two

The other two groups, have a single player within the

game who must receive from their outside team-mate and look to advance on the field and play to a wide

player for a return cross and finish. Once a player has scored on one goal, they should receive the next pass

Four teams of 3. Two teams within the field. Two

The teams within the field play a 3v3 small-sided

teams organized outside (with 1 player within).

### Learn to Train Station B - Small Sided Game



#### Objective To develop spatial awareness \*\*\* Outcomes All Players - will be able to create space to receive the ball **Most Players -** will be able to receive the ball in space R. with optimal body orientation **Some Players -** will be able to receive under pressure with optimal body orientation Technical / Tactical **Psychological** Passing Competition Resilience Receiving Turning **Decision Making** Scanning \* Socio - Emotional Physical © Copyright www.academysoccercoach.co.uk 2018 Agility **Problem Solving** Area Balance Verbal Communication Coordination Non-Verbal Communication 20m x 15m Speed

and advance in the opposite direction with the aim to shoot finish and score.
Emphasis
Creating a safe environment, positive reinforcement,

SA.

Timing

12 minutes

allow decision making, and demonstration of the activity.

#### Progression

The neutral players at centre field can compete 1v1 using outside players as neutral support players.

**Top Tip** Always ensure we keep players moving and engaged. We can do this by giving players specific tasks to do on-field that create interference for other players to have more decisions being made throughout the session.



#### Organization

Four teams of 3 players. Two on the exterior of the grid with one within.

#### Procedure

Ball begins with a player (one from each team) on the outside. Players within the grid look to find space and receive the ball, turn, and play their other team-mate. When they have completed that action, they then look to switch the ball within the grid with another teammate. Then playing the ball back to an outside player and switching places.

Players should be aware of the other players and open space.

#### Emphasis

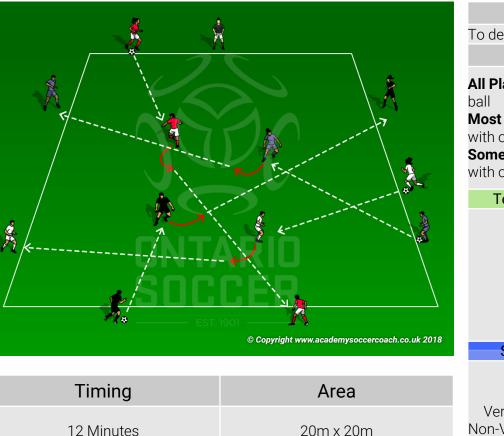
Creating a safe environment, positive reinforcement, allow decision making, and demonstration of the activity.

#### Progression

Outside players move to another side of the grid around the perimeter.

### Learn to Train Station C - Analytical Activity





Objective			
To develop spatial awareness			
Outcomes			
All Players - will be able to create space to receive the ball Most Players - will be able to receive the ball in space with optimal body orientation Some Players - will be able to receive under pressure with optimal body orientation			
with optimal body orientatio	•		
with optimal body orientatio Technical / Tactical	•		
	n		

Problem Solving erbal Communication -Verbal Communication	Agility Balance Coordination Speed
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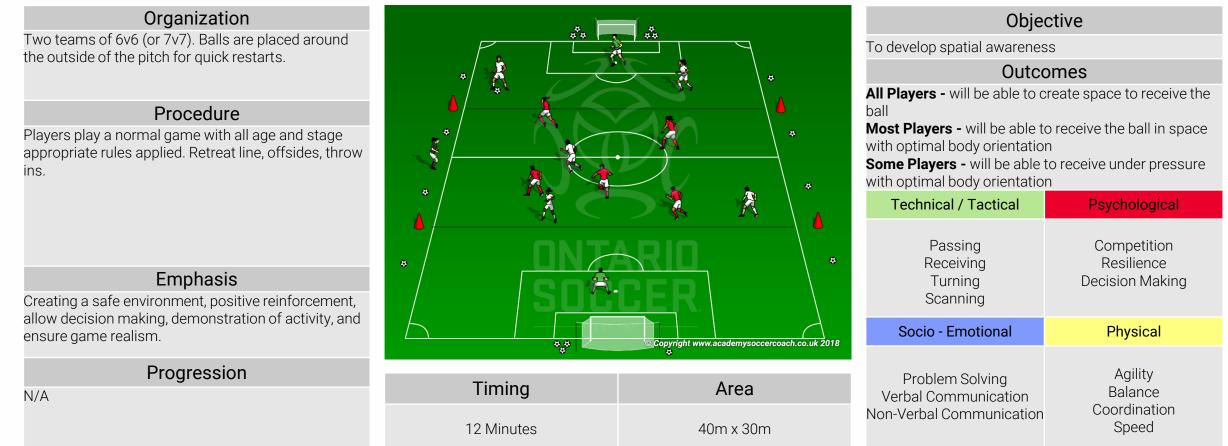
**Top Tip** Show players examples of professional players executing these techniques. Perhaps use a cell phone or a tablet to show examples of TFC, Ottawa Fury or the Canadian National Team and ask what details they can see and try and replicate.

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### Learn to Train Station D - Small Sided Game





**Top Tip** Use visuals to explain the activity like a tactics board or a 'mini field' with cones and a ball that represent players. Encourage players to ask questions when explaining the activity when everyone is close together. Put the pinnies out on the field in the correct place to allow for a quick start.

# **Ontario Soccer Resources**



### Coaches' Guides

- Game Organisation Guide
- Field Organisation Guide
- Festival Guide
- 8 Ways to Develop the Grassroots Game
- How does the Inclusive Programming Model work at your Soccer Club?
- Incorporating Physical Literacy in our Practices

Online Practice Videos Online Webinars

### **Grassroots Curriculum**

- Learn to Train U8/U9-U11/U12 (Brochure)
- Learn to Train Workbook and Practice Plan
- Learn to Train U8/9-U11/12 (Curriculum)
- All other online Grassroots Practices

